

# IDN President's Advisory Committee Status Report

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#### Background

- IDN had a significant role in the debate regarding ICANN's governance.
- Peaked in the November 2005 WSIS meeting.
- November 23<sup>rd</sup> ICANN announces the IDN PAC to "provide the Board and ICANN community with advice on issues that relate to IDN policies, in particular issues that impact the implementation of IDN especially at the top level".
- IDN workshop held in Vancouver.

## History

- ICANN launched a testbed of IDN.com (Hybrid IDN) in 2001 through Verisign.
- People are not using these names.
- Those who need IDN are waiting for a full IDN: <IDN>.<IDN-TLD>
- Technology developed in the University of Singapore in 1998.
- Several implementations of <IDN>.<IDN-TLD> since 1999 using plug-ins or ISP's DNS patch.
- Verisign used the same technology for its <IDN>.com plug-in.
- An IDN TLD in the root zone will cancel the need for plug-ins or DNS patches.

### Current IDN PAC proposal

- After its 3<sup>rd</sup> con-call, the IDN PAC announced on March 14 the timetable for a proposed test of IDN TLDs.
- Technology to be tested:
  - DNAMEs an alias to the TLD (new solution).
  - NS-Records root entry of an IDN TLD (based on the known technology).

#### Problems with the test

- Katho committee for IDN said policy should be resolved before technology (since technology is already available).
- Not clear if there was really a decision to go for a test in the Vancouver workshop. Also - 10 out of 22 IDN PAC members voted on the announcement.
- DNAMEs is a solution that explicitly dictates policy.
- Current Project Draft says:
  - Only current registries can participate.
  - Free registrations. No policy for registrations.
  - Names are deleted after 60 days.

Problems: Only incumbents. Public confusion. Can be exploited for Phishing and Pharming.

Most parts of DNAME test can be done in a lab (NS-records already tested).