		Development Process Work Team <mark>sed</mark> Final Report & Draft Recommendations	Date:	
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6		Policy Development Process Work Tea	m	
7		<u>Proposed</u> Final Report & Recommendat	ions	Marika Konings 10/2/11 11:24
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17	STAT	US OF THIS DOCUMENT		
18	This d	ocument is the <u>Proposed</u> Final Report of the Policy Development Proces	Work Team	
19	conce	rning the development of, and transition to, a new GNSO policy develop	ment process. A	Marika Konings 10/2/11 11:24 Deleted: Draft
20	Final f	Report will be prepared following public comment on this report and sha	II be referred to	
21	the Po	olicy Process Steering Committee for review and ultimately to the GNSO	Council for	
22	appro	val.		
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	Policy D	evelopment Process Work Team Recommendations		
		Marika Konings	Page 1 of 77	

Table of Contents

31	1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
32	2 APPROACH TAKEN & PROPOSED RECOMMENDATIONS	6
33	3 OVERARCHING ISSUES	24
34	4 NEW GNSO PDP – BASIS FOR NEW ANNEX A	37
35	5 POLICY DEVELOPMENT PROCESS PROCEDURE MANUAL	41
36	ANNEX I - PUBLIC COMMENT FORUM ON THE INITIAL REPORT	57
37	ANNEX II – NEW PDP FLOWCHART	71
38	ANNEX III - BACKGROUND	73
39	ANNEX IV - WORKING GROUP CHARTER	75
40	ANNEX V - THE WORKING GROUP	77
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1 Executive Summary

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•	The Policy Development Process Work Team (PDP-WT) was tasked by the Policy Process
	Steering Committee (PPSC) to be 'responsible for developing a new policy development
	process that incorporates a working group approach and makes it more effective and
	responsive to ICANN's policy development needs'. The primary tasks of the PDP-WT were to
	develop:

- Appropriate operating principles, rules and procedures applicable to a new policy development process; and
- 2__An implementation/transition plan.

This draft Final Report presents the PDP-WT's views and recommendations in relation to task 1 and 2. The proposed recommendations represent, amongst others:

- The codification of existing practices
- New approaches
- o The clarification of existing rules,
- Some of the key recommendations of the new PDP are:
 - o Recommended use of a Request for an Issue Report Template (recommendation 4)
 - Modification of the timeframe for the creation of a Preliminary Issue Report (recommendation 10)
 - Mandatory public comment period of a minimum of 30 days after the publication of the
 Preliminary Issue Report, before the vote on the initiation of a PDP and publication of
 Final Issue Report following review of public comments (recommendation 11)
 - o Charter required for a PDP Working Group (recommendation 19)
 - Dialogue between GNSO Council and Advisory Committee in case GNSO Council decides
 not to initiate a PDP following an Issue Report requested by an Advisory Committee
 (recommendation 18)

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http://gnso.icann.org/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf) and a subsequent public comment period, the WT reviewed and addressed the comments received (see public comment review tool). In addition, the WT discussed the outstanding issues it had not been able to cover in time for the Initial Report and updated the recommendations accordingly. In order for the ICANN Community to review these updated recommendations, especially those not included in the Initial Report, the WT has published this draft Final Report for public comment. Following review of the public comments received, the WT plans to review the comments received and update the report where deemed appropriate before submitting it to the Policy Process Steering Committee for its review.

95	o Public comment period on initiation of a PDP to become optional (recommendation 22)	
96	 Clarification of 'in scope of ICANN policy process or the GNSO' (recommendation 23) 	
97	 Required public comment period of 30 days on the Initial Report and a minimum of 21 	
98	days for any non-required public comment periods the PDP WG might choose to initiate	
99	(recommendation 28)	
100	 Required Working Group output remains the Initial Report and Final Report 	
101	(recommendation 34)	
102	 Provision for the termination of a PDP prior to delivery of the Final Report 	
103	(recommendation 37)	
104	 Guidance to the GNSO Council on how to treat PDP WG recommendations 	
105	(recommendation 39)	
106	 Delivery of recommendations to the Board (recommendation 40) 	
107	 Possibility to use Implementation Review Teams (recommendation 43) 	
108	For a complete overview of all the recommendations, please see section 2.	
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110	• For purposes of its discussions, the PDP-WT divided the policy development process into the	
111	separate stages and considered each of these stages consecutively. The details of the	Marika Konings 14/2/11 10:40
112	discussion on each of these stages can be found in the Initial Report (see	Deleted: following
113	http://gnso.icann.org/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf).	Marika Konings 14/2/11 10:41 Deleted:
114		Deleted: :[1]
115	In addition, a number of overarching issues that are present in multiple stages of the policy	
116	development process, including timing, translation, development of definitions, voting	
117	thresholds and decision-making methodology, were also discussed following the review of	
118	the five different stages (see section 3).	Marika Konings 14/2/11 10:41
119	· ·	Deleted: [to be completed]
120	The WT, supported by ICANN staff, has developed a first outline of the new Annex A (see	Marika Konings 14/2/11 11:39 Deleted:
121	section 4) as well as a supporting document that is envisioned to be included in the GNSO	Deleted: [2]
122	Council Operating Procedures as the PDP Procedure Manual (see section 5).	
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- To facilitate visualization of the new PDP, the WT has also developed a flow chart that includes the main elements of the new proposed PDPas well as elements that would be incorporated into the PDP Procedure Manual (see section [to be completed]).
- For further background information on how these recommendations were developed, you are strongly encouraged to review the Initial Report (see http://gnso.icann.org/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf), the WT's review of the public comments [include link] and the WT's deliberations on the outstanding issues [include link], to appreciate the deliberations of the PDP-WT that form the basis for these recommendations.
- Public input is encouraged as part of the public comment period on the draft Final Report on
 the proposed <u>recommendations</u>, the <u>proposed</u> elements for the new Annex A, <u>the proposed</u>
 <u>PDP Procedure Manual</u>, as well as which elements should be included in the ICANN <u>Bylaws</u>
 and which ones should be part of the GNSO Council Operating Rules.

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2 Approach taken & Proposed Recommendations

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Following the publication of the Initial Report (see http://gnso.icann.org/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf) and a subsequent public comment period, the WT reviewed and addressed the comments received (see public comment review tool). In addition, the WT discussed the outstanding issues it had not been able to cover in time for the Initial Report and updated the recommendations accordingly [include link to outstanding issues document]. In order for the ICANN Community to review these updated recommendations, especially those not included in the Initial Report, the WT has published this draft Final Report for public comment. Following review of the public comments received, the WT plans to review the comments received and update the report where deemed appropriate before submitting it to the Policy Process Steering Committee for its review.

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The PDP WT agreed to divide the policy development process into the following separate stages and consider each of these stages consecutively:

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- Stage 1 Planning and Request for an Issues Report
- Stage 2 GNSO Council Review of the Issues Report and Initiation of the Policy
 Development Process
- Stage 3 Working Group
- Stage 4 Voting and Implementation
 - Stage 5 Policy Effectiveness and Compliance

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Each of these stages were then broken down into related issues areas that were discussed by the PDP-WT. The following sections provide an overview of these deliberations, including proposed recommendations to address issues identified. To encourage input from the members of the WT, a number of surveys were conducted to solicit feedback. For further details on the

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

179 surveys and interim notes, please visit the PDP-WT Workspace: https://st.icann.org/icann-180 ppsc/index.cgi?pdp_team. 181 182 For each of these stages a number of recommendations were developed (see hereunder) that 183 form the basis of the proposed new GNSO Policy Development Process. These 184 recommendations are: 185 186 Stage 1 - Planning and Request for an Issues Report 187 188 1. Who has the ability to initiate a request for an issues report? 189 Recommendation 1. 190 Although a request for a GNSO Issues Report has never been issued directly by the ICANN 191 Board, or any Advisory Committee (other than the At-Large Advisory Committee), the PDP-192 WT recommends that the current three mechanisms for initiating a request for an Issue 193 Report (Board request, Advisory Committee Request or GNSO Council Member Request) 194 should be maintained. 195 196 Recommendation 2. 197 The current language in Annex A of the Bylaws contains several references to the term 198 "PDP" which over the years have been the source of confusion. The phrase "initiating a PDP" 199 is currently used to refer to initiating an issue report, for example, and is also used to refer 200 to the process of formally establishing Task Forces or working groups. Therefore, the PDP-201 WT has distinguished the two concepts into (1) Raising an Issue and (2) Initiating a PDP. The 202 PDP-WT has recommended clarification of this language in the Bylaws. 203 204 2. Procedures for Requesting an Issues Report 205 See also recommendation 2. 206 207 Recommendation 3. Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Page 7 of 77 Author: Marika Konings

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The PDP-WT recommends the development of a Policy Development Process Procedure Manual, which will constitute an integral part of the GNSO Council Operating Rules, intended to provide guidance and suggestions to the GNSO and ICANN communities on the overall PDP process, including those steps that could assist the community, working group members, and Councillors in gathering evidence and obtaining sufficient information to facilitate an effective and informed policy development process.

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Recommendation 4.

The PDP-WT recommends that a 'request for an issues report' template should be developed including items such as definition of issue, identification of problems, supporting evidence, economic impact(s), effect(s) on competition and consumer trust, and rationale for policy development. The use of such a template should be strongly encouraged, but should not be mandatory. Such a template should become part of the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

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3. Issue Scoping

- Recommendation 5.
 - The PDP-WT recommends adopting the proposed Policy Development Process Procedure
 Manual, to provide guidance and suggestions to those parties raising an issue on which
 steps could be considered helpful in gathering evidence and obtaining sufficient information
 to facilitate an effective and informed policy development process.

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4. Creation of the Issues Report

- 232 Recommendation 6.
 - The PDP-WT recommends that the currently required elements of an Issue Report (see provision 2 of Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws) continue to be required in the new PDP, noting that elements a (the proposed issue raised for consideration), b (the identity of the party submitting the issue) and c (how that party is affected by the issue) should be part of the new Annex A in the ICANN Bylaws, while elements d (support for the issue to initiate the PDP) and e (recommendation from the Staff Manager) should be added to the Procedure

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Koninos

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Manual. In addition, the PDP-WT notes that element e (recommendation from the Staff Manager) should be split in two parts; the first part dealing with the question of whether a PDP is considered in scope and the second part addressing whether the PDP should be initiated. Furthermore, the PDP-WT recommends including in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual a recommendation for the entity requesting the Lasue Report to indicate whether there are any specific items they would like to see addressed in the Lasue Report, which could then be taken into consideration by the Staff Manager and/or Council when reviewing the request. In addition, guidance could be provided in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual that the Council and/or Staff could provide advice ahead of a vote on the request for an Lasue Report whether they feel additional research, discussion, or outreach should be conducted as part of the development of the Lasue Report, in order to ensure a balanced and informed Issue Report.

5. What can the end result of a PDP be?

Recommendation 7.

The PDP-WT recommends better information and communication with Working Group members on the potential outcomes of a policy development process. There are more potential outcomes of the PDP process than just the formation of "consensus policies" as defined under the applicable gTLD Registry and Registrar agreements. Acceptable outcomes include the development of best practices, recommendations to other supporting organizations, a conclusion that no recommendation is necessary, recommendations for future policy development, etc. This information could be included in the Charter of a Working Group or in the instructions to a WG. It is also an element that should be included in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

6. The role of ICANN staff

Recommendation 8.

The PDP-WT recommends retaining the requirement for obtaining the opinion of the ICANN
 General Counsel in the Issues Report as whether a proposed PDP is within the scope of the

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GNSO. Further details regarding the opinion of counsel are expected to be included in the PDP Procedure Manual as opposed to the Bylaws.

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Recommendation 9.

The PDP-WT recommends that additional guidance on the different roles ICANN staff can perform, as outlined in the GNSO Working Group Guidelines, is to be included in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

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7. Community input / How to incorporate public comments

Recommendation 10.

The PDP-WT recommends the modification of timeframes included in clause 1 – Creation of an Issue, Report in Annex A in relation to the development and delivery of an issues report as follows:

Within forty-five (45) calendar days after receipt of either (i) an instruction from the Board; (ii) a properly supported motion from the GNSO Council; or (iii) a properly supported motion from an Advisory Committee, the Staff Manager will create a report (a "Preliminary Issue Report"). In the event the Staff Manager determines that more time is necessary to create the Preliminary Issue Report, the Staff Manager may request an extension of time for completion of the Preliminary Issue Report, which request should be discussed with the

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Recommendation 11.

Requestor.

The PDP-WT recommends that that there is a mandatory public comment period that follows the publication of a Preliminary Issue Report and before the GNSO Council is asked to consider the initiation of a PDP. Such a Public Comment period would, among other things, allow for additional information that may be missing from the Preliminary Issue, Report, or the correction or updating of any information in the Preliminary Issue Report. In addition, this would allow for members of the ICANN Community to express their views to the Council on whether or not to initiate a PDP. Depending on the comments received, ICANN staff would include public inputs and any necessary corrections to the Preliminary

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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323 Issue Report turning it into the Final Issue Report and/or summarize the comments received 324

for Council consideration.

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8. Role of Workshops / Information Gathering events

Recommendation 12.

The PDP-WT recognizes the value of workshops on substantive issues prior to the initiation of a PDP. It is therefore recommending that information on the potential role of workshops and information gathering events be provided in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual. In addition, the PDP-WT recommends that the GNSO Council should consider requiring such a workshop, on-line or face-to-face, on a specific issue during the planning and initiation phase for a specific issue. Furthermore, the PDP-WT recommends that invitations and/or announcements for workshops are communicated as broadly as possible.

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9. Efficiency and flexibility during planning / initiation phase

See recommendation 12,

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10. Impact Analyses

Recommendation 13.

The PDP-WT recommends that the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual describe the option for the GNSO Council to request that an impact analysis be conducted if appropriate or necessary prior to the vote for the initiation of a PDP. Such an impact analysis could include the assessment of the impact on the public interest; the security, stability and resiliency of the DNS; competition, consumer trust and consumer choice, and; international participation (as outlined in section 3 of the Affirmation of Commitments) [as well as the impact on human rights].

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11. Resources and Prioritization

350 Recommendation 14.

> Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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Page 11 of 77

Page 12 of 77

The PDP-WT believes that the GNSO Council should take into full account the resources
 available, both volunteers and staff, when making its decision on whether or not to initiate a

 PDP

Recommendation 15.

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- The PDP-WT discussed the notion of a fast-track procedure extensively but did not come to agreement on how such a fast-track procedure might look. The PDP-WT recommends that the GNSO Council re-evaluates the need for a fast-track procedure in due time as part of the review of the new PDP, as it is of the view that the new PDP will offer additional flexibility and would allow for 'faster' PDPs provided that the necessary resources are available.
- <u>Stage 2 GNSO Council Review of the Issues Report and Initiation of the Policy Development</u>

 Process
- 1. Flexibility when launching a policy development process
- 375 Recommendation 16.
 - The PDP-WT recommends modifying the timeframes currently included in clause 3 of Annex A "Initiation of a PDP" to reflect current practice and experience. In addition, it proposed to add language to codify the current practice that any voting Council members, can request the deferral of the consideration of an initiation of a PDP for one Council meeting.

381 Recommendation 17.

- The PDP-WT recommends that further guidance be included in the Policy Development Process <u>Procedure</u> Manual on how to deal with situations where further flexibility is required e.g. additional research, ensuring that the Council provides clear indications on expected timing of next steps.
- 2. Consider an appeals mechanism in case the GNSO <u>Council</u> votes against initiating a PDP requested by an AC
- 389 Recommendation 18.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

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Deleted: prioritize PDPs and ensure that the resources exist (both staff and volunteer) upon the initiation of a PDP. In light of theupcoming GNSO Council Prioritization activity, the PDP-WT is deferring the specifics of how such prioritization can be achieved pending the outcome of such activity.

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Deleted: The PDP-WT is considering the notion of having a fast-track procedure that would allow for a more timely PDP in cases where such urgent action is deemed to be necessary while at the same time ensuring broad participation and avoiding gaming. The PDP-WT hopes to receive further input from the community on which elements such a procedure should contain and how it would work in practice, during the public comment period.

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■ The PDP-WT recommends that if the GNSO Council votes to not initiate a PDP following an Issue Report requested by an Advisory Committee (AC), the AC or its representatives should have the opportunity to meet with representatives of the GNSO, and in particular, those voting against the initiation of the PDP, to discuss the rationale for the rejection and why the AC feels that reconsideration is appropriate. Following this meeting, the AC may submit a statement to the GNSO Council requesting a re-vote and giving its rationale for such a revote. This process may be followed just once for any given Issue Report.

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3. Should the approved voting thresholds apply to the entire GNSO Council or just members present (as is current practice)?

 As it is expected that a recommendation for absentee voting / ballot will be included in the GNSO Council Operating Rules, the PDP-WT considers this question no longer valid as all Councillors will have the opportunity to vote whether they are present at the meeting or not, therefore no recommendation is made in relation to this issue.

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4. Where in the process is chartering done?

Recommendation 19.

The PDP-WT recommends updating clause 7 of Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws to reflect that a charter is required for all Working Groups, and to specify the voting threshold that should apply to the adoption of the working group charter which is identical to the one that applies to the initiation of the PDP. Any modifications to a Working Group Charter may be adopted by a simple majority vote of the GNSO Council.

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Recommendation 20.

 The PDP-WT recommends that a link to the new Annex A and the PDP Procedure Manual, once finalized and approved, are included in the GNSO Working Group Guidelines, as these two documents provide an overview of the requirements for PDP WGs.

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5. Should expedited procedures be available in case of urgency?

439 See recommendation 15

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

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Deleted: to working with the WG-WT/PPSC to provide input for the GNSO Working Group Guidelines section or annex that will be dedicated to a PDP WG concerning best practices for developing the charter for a PDP WG.

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6. How to involve advice from other ACs or SOs, and obtain consistent input from the Board?

Recommendation 21.

The PDP-WT recommends that further <u>explanation</u> on how to involve Advisory Committees or Supporting Organisations as currently already being done be included as part of the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual <u>Input from other SOs and ACs must be sought and treated with the same due diligence as other comments and input processes. In addition, comments from ACs and SOs should receive a response from the WG. This may include, for example, direct reference in the applicable Report or embedded in other responsive documentation or a direct response.</u>

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7. Evaluate the ICANN Staff costs and resources needed to conduct the PDP and prioritize existing policy work and revisit their existing deadlines and deliverables.

See recommendation 14

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Public Comment Period after the Initiation of a PDP

Recommendation 22.

Taking into account the required public comment period on the Preliminary Issue Report (see recommendation 11), the PDP WT considers it no longer necessary to require a public comment period on the initiation of a PDP. However, a WG may, at its discretion, decide to obtain public comments at the start of their deliberations to obtain public input on the Charter Questions or other specific issues related to their Charter.

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9. Clarification of 'in scope of ICANN policy process or the GNSO'

Recommendation 23.

The PDP-WT recommends modifying clause 3 – Initiation of a PDP to clarify that within scope means 'within scope of ICANN's mission and more specifically the role of the GNSO' as opposed to within scope of the contracted parties' definition of "consensus policies".

Furthermore, the PDP-WT recommends that issues raised should be mapable against specific provisions in the ICANN_Bylaws, the Affirmation of Commitments and/or ICANN's

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Articles of Incorporation. This information would be required to be included in the request for an Issue Report and should be added as a category in the Issue Report request template.

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Stage 3 - Working Group

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Recommendation 24.

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The PDP-WT recommends that even though a Working Group currently forms the basic mode of operation for a PDP, there should be flexibility to accommodate different working methods if deemed appropriate by the GNSO Council, or allow for a different mode of operation if so desired by the GNSO Council in the future without requiring a complete overhaul of the Bylaws or GNSO Operating Rules.

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1. How to maximize the effectiveness of Working Groups

Recommendation 25.

The PDP-WT recommends that each PDP WG will be strongly encouraged to review and become familiar with the GNSO Working Group Guidelines and the PDP Procedure Manual (once published), which includes further information and guidance on the functioning of GNSO Working Groups.

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2. Communication with different ICANN Departments (e.g. Legal, Compliance, Services)

520 Recommendation 26.

> The PDP-WT recommends that further guidance is to be provided on which mechanisms are available to a WG to communicate with different ICANN departments in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.. Recommended approach would be for ICANN policy staff to serve as the intermediary between a WG and the various ICANN departments (finance, legal, compliance, etc.), provided that a procedure is in place which allows for escalation via the WG Chair if the WG is of the opinion that communication is hindered through the involvement of ICANN policy staff.

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3. Linking policy development with ICANN's strategic planning and budgeting

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

Page 15 of 77

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531 Recommendation 27.

The PDP-WT recommends that the initiation of a PDP may include consideration of how ICANN's budget and planning can best accommodate the PDP and/or its possible outcomes, and, if applicable, how the proposed PDP is aligned with ICANN's Strategic Plan.

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4. Public Comment

Recommendation 28.

The PDP-WT recommends modifying clause 9 of Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws to change the duration of the public comment period on the Initial Report from twenty to a minimum of thirty calendar days. This same minimum should also apply to the public comment period on the Jssue Report, while other public comment periods that a WG / GNSO Council opt to have as part of a PDP should have a minimum duration of 21 days. The minimum durations for the Issue Report and Initial Report should be included in the ICANN Bylaws while the minimum requirement of 21 days for other public comment periods should be included in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual. Further guidance on the recommended duration, for example taking into account overlap with ICANN meetings, should be included in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

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Recommendation 29.

The PDP-WT recommends modifying clause 9 of Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws to reflect the current practice that a summary and analysis of the public comments received is to be provided by the staff manager to the Working Group, which will be responsible for reviewing and taking into consideration the public comments received.

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Recommendation 30.

The PDP-WT recommends providing further guidance on how to conduct public comment periods and review public comments received as part of the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual. Such guidance should include the expectation that public comments are carefully considered and analyzed by the WG; encouraging WGs to explain their rationale for agreeing or disagreeing with the different comments received and, if appropriate, how

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> Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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these will be addressed in the report of the WG, and; other means to solicit input than the traditional public comment forums such as surveys.

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5. Implementation, Impact and Feasibility

Recommendation 31.

- The PDP-WT recommends that PDP WGs provide input on issues related to implementation, impact (economic, business, social, operational, etc.) and feasibility including, when considered appropriate:
 - Recommend the inclusion of implementation guidelines as part of the Final Report;
 - o Consultation with the WG / Council on the draft implementation plan;
 - The creation of an implementation team that consists of representatives of the WG, amongst others, which would be tasked to review / provide input during the implementation phase

Further guidance on this issue is to be included in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

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6. ICANN Staff Resources

Recommendation 32.

The PDP-WT recommends that staff resources needed or expected in order to implement the policy recommendations should be evaluated as part of the WG recommendations, and as part of the Council's review of those recommendations, as part of the feasibility analysis and/or impact statement (see also recommendation 31).

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7. Stakeholder Group / Constituency Statements

595 Recommendation 33.

The PDP-WT recommends amending clause 7 of Annex A of the ICANN <u>Bylaws</u> to reflect the
practice that Stakeholder Group / Constituency statements are requested by the Working
Group and the timeline for submission should start from that point instead of the initiation

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Policy Development Process Work Team		
Proposed Final Report & Draft Recommendations	6	

Date:

Page 18 of 77

of the PDP. It should be noted in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual that a WG can request Stakeholder Group / Constituency statements more than once if so desired.

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8. Working Group Output

Recommendation 34.

 The PDP-WT recommends that PDP Working Groups continue to be required to produce at least an Initial Report and a Final Report, noting that more products can be produced if desirable.

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Recommendation 35.

• The PDP-WT does note that the description of the difference between an Initial Report and a Final Report as currently described in the <u>Bylaws</u> is not in line with actual practice, and recommends that this language is updated to reflect that an Initial Report may reflect the initial ideas of a WG which are then finalized, in combination with review and analysis of the public comment period in the second phase leading to the Final Report.

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Recommendation 36.

The PDP-WT recommends that a public comment period on the Initial Report remains mandatory. Additional guidance on further optional public comment periods, e.g. when there are substantial differences between the Initial Report and Final Report are to be included as part of the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual.

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9. Termination of a PDP

Recommendation 37.

• The PDP recommends that a provision be added to the PDP Procedure Manual to allow for the termination of a PDP prior to the publication of a Final Report only for significant cause, upon a motion that passes with a Supermajority vote in favour of termination.

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Stage 4 - Voting and Implementation

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings Marika Konings 10/2/11 20:23

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1. Working Group Recommendations

Recommendation 38.

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■ The PDP-WT recommends modifying clause 10 — "Council Deliberations of Annex A" of the ICANN Bylaws to reflect current practice and requirements in the rules of procedure to consider a report if it is received at least eight days in advance of a Council meeting, otherwise the report shall be considered at the next Council meeting. In addition, the PDP-WT recommends adding language to codify the current practice that any voting Council member can request the deferral of the consideration of a final report for one Council meeting.

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Recommendation 39.

The PDP-WT recommends to provide additional guidance to GNSO Council in the Policy Development Process Procedure Manual on how to treat Working Group recommendations, especially those that have not received full consensus and the expected / desired approach to adoption of some, but not all, or rejection of recommendations. PDP WGs should be encouraged to indicate which, if any, recommendations are interdependent so the GNSO Council can take this into account as part of their deliberations. The Council should be strongly discouraged from itemizing recommendations that the PDP WT has identified as interdependent. The PDP-WT would like to express its concern about the GNSO Council 'picking and choosing' or modifying recommendations, but recognizes that this is the Council's prerogative. The PDP-WT would like to encourage the GNSO Council that there were it does have concerns or would propose changes to recommendations, it passes these concerns and/or recommendations for changes back to the respective PDP Working Group for their input.

2. Public Comments

See recommendation 36.

3. Delivery of Recommendations to the Board

Recommendation 40.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

Page 19 of 77

The PDP-WT recommends that the GNSO Council is responsible for the Board Report either as author of the report or to approve the report before it is sent to the Board. Board Reports on PDPs should be delivered from the GNSO Council directly to the Board and if any summaries or addenda are needed, that should be the responsibility of the Council with the help of the Working Group (if necessary). The PDP-WT discussed at length the current practice of ICANN Policy Staff submitting a separate report to the Board, which is not disclosed as a standard practice to the community at this stage, noting that this is not directly related to the PDP, and unanimously believes that these reports should not be kept confidential. If ICANN Policy Staff would like to submit a separate report related to a PDP to the Board or is requested to do so, it should be done in an open and transparent matter, noting that there might be cases where certain information cannot be provided due to its privileged nature. Nevertheless, even in those circumstances, as much information as possible, without disclosing business confidential information, should be provided.

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4. Agreement of the Council

Recommendation 41.

The PDP-WT has discussed whether the voting thresholds might need to be reviewed (see also overarching issues) but agrees that this issue should be covered as part of the next overall review of the GNSO. The WT does note that it has proposed two new voting thresholds in relation to the adoption of the WG Charter (see recommendation 19) as well as a new voting threshold for the termination of a PDP (see recommendation 37).

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5. Board Vote

Recommendation 42.

The PDP-WT recommends that the provisions in relation to the Board Vote in the ICANN

Bylaws remain essentially unchanged, but proposes the following modification to the

current provision 13f to clarify what 'act' means, If the GNSO Council is recommending a

Consensus Policy as defined within ICANN contracts, the Board can only approve a

Consensus Policy that was approved by the required GNSO voting threshold. In addition, an

explanation needs to be added in the Policy Development Procedure Manual to clarify that

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

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all recommendations, also those not recommending new or changes to Consensus Policies, should be communicated to the Board.

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6. Implementation

Recommendation 43.

The PDP-WT recommends the use of WG Implementation Review Teams, when deemed appropriate, which would be responsible in dealing with implementation issues. A PDP WG should provide recommendations for whether a WG Implementation Review Team should be established and any other recommendations deemed appropriate in relation to such a Review Team (e.g. composition) as part of its Final Report. (see also recommendation 32)

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Stage 5 - Policy Effectiveness and Compliance

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1. Periodic assessment of PDP Recommendations / Policy

Recommendation 44.

The PDP-WT notes that a periodic assessment of PDP recommendations and/or policy is important. WGs should be encouraged to include proposed timing, assessment tools and metrics for review as part of their Final Report.

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2. GNSO Council Review of the PDP Working Group

725 Recommendation 45.

> The PDP Work Team notes that several documents, including the PPSC-WG WT and the WG Guidelines, reference a "Working Group Self-Assessment," which all WGs are encouraged to conduct. The Work Team believes that this could be a valuable exercise, and encourages PDP WGs to complete a candid and objective self-assessment at the conclusion of their work. However, the Work Team also notes that there is no standard or template for such an assessment, nor clear guidance on who (Chair, Liaison and/or all WG participants) should conduct the assessment, and recommends that these guidelines be developed.

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3. Periodic assessment of overall PDP process

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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753 Recommendation 46.

The PDP-WT notes that the periodic assessment of the overall PDP process is important, noting that a certain threshold of completed PDPs should be met before an overall review is carried out. The WT does not have a specific view on whether the PPSC or a new Standing Committee should be responsible for such a periodic assessment.

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Recommendation 47.

The PDP-WT recommends that such an overall review also includes the review of the Working Group Model in the context of the PDP, which should assess whether there are stages in the PDP that are more suitable for Working Groups and those that might be more suitable for formal advice from Stakeholder Groups and Constituencies.

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In addition, a number of overarching issues were identified which were deemed to have an impact on the overall policy development process or related to various stages of the new PDP and therefore needed to be considered once an initial outline of the new PDP would have been completed. These overarching issues consist of:

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- Timing
- 771 Translation
- 772 Development of definitions
- 773 Voting thresholds
- Decision-making methodology
 - Transition / Implementation of the new PDP

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Based on the discussions and deliberations to date, a flow chart which outlines the main elements of the new Annex A – GNSO Policy Development Process of the ICANN Bylaws can be found in section 9.

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The WT, supported by ICANN staff, has also developed a first outline of the new Annex A (see section 4) as well as a supporting document that is envisioned to be included in the GNSO Council Operating Procedures as the PDP Procedure Manual (see section 5).

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Based on the input received on the Initial Report and subsequent discussions, the PDP-WT has updated this report to a draft Final Report to allow for further input and feedback from the ICANN Community. Following review and analysis of the public comments received, the PDP-WT is expected to finalize its report recommendations for submission to the Policy Process Steering Committee (PPSC).

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3 Overarching Issues

In addition to the five stages discussed in the previous sections of this report, the PDP-WT also identified a number of 'overarching issues' which were deemed to have an impact on the overall policy development process or related to various stages of the new PDP and therefore needed to be considered once an initial outline of the new PDP would have been completed. These overarching issues consist of:

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- o Timing
- 813 o Translation
 - Development of definitions
- 815 o Voting thresholds
 - Decision-making methodology
 - Transition / Implementation of the new PDP

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The initial deliberations on a number of these issues can be found in the Initial Report (see http://gnso.icann.org/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf). On the basis of these initial deliberations, the review of the public comments received and further discussions, the PDP-WT has reached the following preliminary conclusions. It is the intention of the PDP-WT to finalize these conclusions following the review and analysis of public comments on this draft Final Report.

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1. Timing

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Based on the different recommendations that have timing included, the following timeline would be applicable to every PDP, noting the flexibility in a number of the different stages.

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Task Duration

Development of Preliminary Issues Report	To be decided [To be updated following	
Development of Freminiary issues report	finalization of recommendation 10]	
Public Comment Period on Preliminary Issues	Minimum of 30 Days	
Report	,	
	Within 30 days of the closing of the public	
Submission of Issues Report, including	comment forum, though the Staff Manager	
summary of comments received	may request an extension of that 30-day time	
Sammary or comments received	for delivery based upon the considerations set	
	forth in the PDP Procedure Manual.	
	At the Council meeting following the receipt of	
	an Issue Report; provided that the Issue	
	Report is received at least eight (8) calendar	
	days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the	
Consideration of Issues Report by GNSO Council	Issue Report is forwarded to the GNSO Council	
	Chair within the eight (8) calendar days	
	immediately preceding the next GNSO Council	
	meeting, the Council shall consider the Issue	
	Report at the subsequent meeting following	
	the next GNSO Council meeting. At the written	
	request of any Stakeholder Group or	
	constituency, for any reason, consideration of	
	the Issue Report may be postponed by not	
	more than one (1) meeting, provided that that	
	such Stakeholder Group or constituency	
	details the precise rationale for such a	
	postponement. Consideration of the Issue	
	Report may only be postponed for a total of	
	one (1) meeting, even if multiple Stakeholder	
	Groups or constituencies request	

Development of WG Charter Charter The Council shall consider whether to approve the proposed Working Group Charter at the Council meeting following the Chair's receipt of the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting. Formation of WG To determined by the GNSO Council
The Council shall consider whether to approve the proposed Working Group Charter at the Council meeting following the Chair's receipt of the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
the proposed Working Group Charter at the Council meeting following the Chair's receipt of the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Council meeting following the Chair's receipt of the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
of the proposed Working Group Charter; provided that the proposed Working Group Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Approval of WG Charter The proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Approval of WG Charter days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Approval of WG Charter the proposed Working Group Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
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the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Council shall consider the proposed Working Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
Group Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.
GNSO Council meeting.
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Formation of WG To determined by the GNSO Council
To determined by the Gross Council
Milestones / timetable to be included in Working Group
Charter if deemed appropriate
Request for Constituency / Stakeholder Group 35 days
Statements
Public Comment Period on the Initial Report Minimum of 30 days
The GNSO Council shall consider whether to
adopt the recommendations within the Final
Report at the next meeting after the Final
Consideration of Final Report by GNSO Council Report is forwarded to the Council Chair,
provided that the Final Report is forwarded to
the Council Chair at least eight (8) calendar

	days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the
	Final Report is forwarded to the GNSO Council
	Chair within the eight (8) calendar days
	immediately preceding the next GNSO Council
	meeting, the Council shall consider the Final
	Report at the meeting after the next GNSO
	Council meeting. At the written request of any
	Stakeholder Group or constituency, for any
	reason, consideration of the Final Report may
	be postponed by not more than one (1)
	meeting, provided that that such Stakeholder
	Group or constituency details the precise
	rationale for such a postponement.
	Consideration of the Final Report may only be
	postponed for a total of one (1) meeting, even
	postponed for a total of one (1) meeting, even
	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or
	. ,
Submission of Council Recommendations	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement.
Submission of Council Recommendations Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or
	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement.
Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided]
	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the
Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next
Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next meeting after receipt of the Recommendations
Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next meeting after receipt of the Recommendations Report from the GNSO Council.
Report to the Board Consideration by the ICANN Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next meeting after receipt of the Recommendations Report from the GNSO Council. When the Board is prepared to make a
Report to the Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next meeting after receipt of the Recommendations Report from the GNSO Council. When the Board is prepared to make a decision on a GNSO Council Recommendation
Report to the Board Consideration by the ICANN Board	if multiple Stakeholder Groups or constituencies request postponement. [To be decided] Where feasible, the Board shall consider the Recommendations Report at the Board's next meeting after receipt of the Recommendations Report from the GNSO Council. When the Board is prepared to make a decision on a GNSO Council Recommendation or Supplemental Recommendation, the Board

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	a ten (10) day period of public comment prior
	to final decision by the Board
Implementation	

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Although it is difficult to indicate the overall timing for a PDP from start to finish due to the flexibility in a number of the different steps, it might be worth pointing out that based on review of recent PDPs the average length varies between 350 – 550 days.

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2. Translation

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What translations should be provided at each stage of the policy development process and how will translation impact timing / delay e.g. in relation to a public comment period. How to assess the success and/or additional needs for translation? The following are ICANN's current translation principles:

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ICANN will provide timely and accurate translations, and move from an organisation that provides translation of texts to one that is capable of communicating comfortably with a range of different languages. The translation framework comprises a four-layer system:

846 847 The bottom layer contains those specific documents and publications that address the organisation's overall strategic thinking. They will be translated into an agreed block of languages.

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The next layer contains a class of documents that ICANN undertakes to provide in different languages to allow interaction within ICANN processes by non-English speakers.

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The third layer comprises documents suggested by ICANN staff as being helpful or necessary in ongoing processes; and documents requested by the Internet community for the same reasons. These documents will be run through a translation approval system.

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- The top layer is where the community is encouraged to use online collaborative tools to provide understandable versions of ICANN materials as well as material

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dynamically generated by the community itself. ICANN will provide the technology for community editing and rating, and a clear and predictable online location for this interaction to occur. It will also seek input from the community to review the tools.

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English will remain the operating language of ICANN for business consultation and legal purposes.

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Every effort will be made to ensure equity between comments made in languages other than English and those made in English. If it is not possible to arrange the release of particular documents in the agreed languages at the same time, then each language will be provided with the same time period in which to make comments.

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ICANN will adopt the International Organisation for Standardisation's 639-2 naming system for identifying and labelling particular languages.

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PDP-WT Preliminary Conclusion:

- The WT recognizes the importance of translation to facilitate participation of non-English speakers in the GNSO Policy Development Process. At the same time, the WT acknowledges the costs and timing implications that might result from enhanced translation of documents. Furthermore, the WT wants to emphasize the importance of a coherent and consistent approach across ICANN as an organization when it comes to translation. Awaiting and encouraging an overall ICANN policy on translation, the WT recommends the following in relation to the GNSO Policy Development Process:
- 1. At a minimum the following elements should be translated in the 5 UN languages:
 - WG Charter
 - Executive Summary of Initial, Final or any other report that is put out

for public comment, including recommendations (if not included in the Executive Summary)

- 2. Public comments should be received in other languages and where feasible, these comments should also be translated back into English.
- ICANN is strongly encouraged to use volunteers to assist with translation, where appropriate and practical

876 **3. Development of Definitions**

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PDP-WT Preliminary Conclusion: the WT recommends that, where appropriate, definitions are added to the new Annex A and/or Policy Development Process Procedure Manual based on the WT discussions and recommendations to define concepts such as 'in scope', 'consensus policies' and 'policy development process'.

4. Voting thresholds

The WT discussed whether the voting thresholds as adopted as part of the new GNSO structure are still appropriate and effective. The existing thresholds are:

- 1. Raising an Issue: Council initiation: 25% of the members of the Council of each house or a majority of one house.
- 2. Initiating PDP:
 - a. More than 33% of the Council members of each House; or More than 66% vote of one House if within scope
 - b. GNSO Supermajority Vote required if not in scope (75% of one House and a majority of the other house)
- 3. Vote on Approving the Charter (as recommended by the WT <u>– see recommendation 19</u>)
 - a. More than 33% of the Council members of each house; or More than 66% of one House if within Scope
 - b. GNSO Supermajority vote required if not in scope

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- 4. Vote to terminate a PDP (as recommended by the WT see recommendation 37)
 5. Vote of Council (From Article 10, Section 3, #9)
- 5. Vote of Council (From Article 10, Section 3, #9)
 - a. Approve a PDP Recommendation without a GNSO Supermajority requires an
 affirmative vote of majority of each House and further requires that one GNSO
 Council member representative of at least 3 of the 4 Stakeholder Groups
 supports the Recommendation
 - b. <u>Approve a PDP Recommendation with a GNSO Supermajority</u> requires an affirmative vote of a GNSO Supermajority; and
 - c. Approve a PDP Recommendation Imposing New obligations on certain

 Contracting Parties: where an ICANN contract provision specifies that "a twothirds vote of the council" demonstrates the presence of a consensus, the GNSO
 Supermajority vote threshold will have to be met or exceeded with respect to
 any contracting party affected by such contract provision.

6. Board Vote

- a. In the event that the Council reached a GNSO Supermajority Vote, the Board shall adopt the policy according to the GNSO Supermajority Vote recommendation unless by a vote of more than sixty-six (66%) percent of the Board determines that such policy is not in the best interests of the ICANN community or ICANN.
- b. In the event that the Board determines not to act in accordance with the GNSO Supermajority Vote recommendation, the Board shall (i) articulate the reasons for its determination in a report to the Council (the "Board Statement"); and (ii) submit the Board Statement to the Council.
- c. The Council shall review the Board Statement for discussion with the Board within twenty (20) calendar days after the Council's receipt of the Board Statement. The Board shall determine the method (e.g., by teleconference, e-mail, or otherwise) by which the Council and Board will discuss the Board Statement.

- d. At the conclusion of the Council and Board discussions, the Council shall meet to affirm or modify its recommendation, and communicate that conclusion (the "Supplemental Recommendation") to the Board, including an explanation for its current recommendation. In the event that the Council is able to reach a GNSO Supermajority Vote on the Supplemental Recommendation, the Board shall adopt the recommendation unless more than sixty-six (66%) percent of the Board determines that such policy is not in the interests of the ICANN community or ICANN.
- e. In any case in which the Council is not able to reach GNSO

 Supermajority vote, a majority vote of the Board will be sufficient to act
- f. When a final decision on a GNSO Council Recommendation or Supplemental Recommendation is timely, the Board shall take a preliminary vote and, where practicable, will publish a tentative decision that allows for a ten (10) day period of public comment prior to a final decision by the Board

PDP-WT Preliminary Conclusion:

- The WT agreed that the existing voting threshold 1 for 'Raising an Issue' is appropriate as the initial gauge should be low.
- The WT discussed voting threshold 2 'Initiating a PDP' and discussed whether a higher voting threshold should apply if staff would recommend against initiating a PDP (not related to scope issue). Most agreed that no higher voting threshold should be required, as it would otherwise give staff indirectly a vote in the process. WT members discussed the issue of prioritization and the role the current threshold, which is considered low by some, plays in creating work the community and staff has difficulty keeping up with. Some where of the opinion that keeping the threshold as it currently is would be appropriate. Others considered there to be a strong relationship between this threshold and the prioritization effort the GNSO Council is currently undertaking and were of the opinion that if there is no

effective prioritization this threshold may need to be raised in order to avoid GNSO community and staff overload. No consensus was reached on how to address this issue.

- The WT discussed voting threshold 2b and debated what is actually meant with 'if not in scope'. It was noted that there has been one PDP that was considered 'out of scope' namely the 'GNSO Policies for contractual conditions, existing gTLDs PDP' which addressed contractual provisions in gTLD registry agreements. In debating the value of initiating a PDP on issues that are 'out of scope' or on issues that might not be enforceable on contracted parties, it was pointed out that the PDP is the only formal mechanism the GNSO has to bring issues to the attention of the ICANN board.
- The WT recommends that the definition of a 'GNSO Supermajority vote' is redefined to include the original meaning of GNSO Supermajority i.e. 2/3 of Council members of each house so a GNSO Supermajority vote would be 75% of one House and a majority of the other house or 2/3 of Council members of each house.
- In line with recommendation 19, the WT recommends the proposed voting threshold for the adoption of a WG charter (3), noting that this would require every WG to have a charter. In cases where two or more competing charters would be proposed, the GNSO Council Chair should facilitate a meeting between the proponents of the different charter to determine whether a compromise charter can be developed ahead of the GNSO Council vote. If no compromise is found, the two or more competing charters are put forward for GNSO Council consideration whereby the charter with the most votes is adopted. Any modifications to a Working Group Charter may be adopted by a simple majority vote of the GNSO Council.
- In relation to voting threshold 4 Vote of the Council, the WT confirms its earlier conclusion that the Council should have the flexibility to address WG recommendations as a package or individually, but that a WG would be encouraged to indicate to the Council where there would be linkage between recommendations as part of its report. In those cases where recommendations are considered to be mutually exclusive, it would be the expectation that the GNSO Council Chair would manage the process of deliberation and decision on such recommendations. (see recommendation 39)

Marika Konings 10/2/11 11:52

Deleted: It was agreed to put this issue to the mailing list for further input.

- In relation to 4c, it was noted that only registrars have a clause in their agreement that specifies that "a two-thirds vote of the council" demonstrates the presence of a consensus. Registries have a general definition of consensus in their agreements. A staff memorandum circulated to the group (see http://forum.icann.org/lists/gnso-ppsc-pdp/msg00359.html) recommends 'to standardize all of the voting requirements for all registries and all registrars in order to adopt Consensus Policies that would be enforceable against them. Staff proposes that the GNSO Supermajority Vote apply in all instances where the GNSO Council intends to adopt consensus policies to be enforceable against all registrars and registries'. Some argued that the current wording could also imply the lower threshold vote and this clarification would ensure that the higher threshold would apply, while others argued this might be a lower standard than currently applicable as 'consensus' in the registry agreement does not only relate to the vote of the GNSO Council.
- In relation to 5a, the WT discussed whether it would be possible to word this provision in a
 positive way (instead of noting how many are needed to reject, note how many are needed
 to approve).
- In relation to 5b, the WT highlighted the importance of the board statement with info on why something was rejected. The WT discussed whether a timeframe should be included as to when the board is required to submit its statement to the GNSO Council and it was suggested that a certain timeframe should be included (e.g. Board shall within x days submit the board statement to the GNSO Council with guidance on how to cure the identified deficiencies).
- In relation to 5c, the WT agreed to consider including a similar timeframe as for earlier discussed items (i.e. consider at next meeting if received 8 days ahead of the meeting, or at the following meeting if not received 8 days ahead of the meeting).
- The WT also discussed whether the board should be able to pick and choose recommendations or whether they should be adopted or rejected 'en block' as has been current practice. Most agreed that the board should only be able to adopt or reject the GNSO Council recommendations as a whole as policy development is supposed to be done at the SO level, not by the board.

- The WT discussed 5e and noted that there were different interpretations of what 'will be sufficient to act' means. Some members of the contracted parties interpret this as meaning that without supermajority vote of the Council, the Board can act and adopt the recommendations with a majority vote, but these would not be binding on the contracted parties. Other members of the non-contracted parties were of the opinion that it meant that the board could act and adopt policy recommendations that would be enforceable on contracted parties even without a supermajority vote of the GNSO Council. There was support to clarify this provision to note that the board can adopt enforceable policy recommendations if there is no supermajority vote of the GNSO Council, but only if there is a supermajority vote of the Board in support. It was pointed out that it would be presumed that there was at least a majority vote in favor of the recommendations before the Board would consider any recommendations from the GNSO Council. The WT agreed to clarify this provision as proposed in recommendation 42.
- The WT discussed 5f and the meaning of 'timely'. Some suggested this could mean time-sensitive, critical or urgent. The question was raised who makes the assessment on whether something is timely? Most agreed that it would be the role of the ICANN Board to make this assessment, although the GNSO Council could make a recommendation to this end. ICANN staff has been requested to ask for clarification from Legal on this provision.
- The WT agreed to add a new voting threshold for the termination of a PDP (see recommendation 37).
- Overall, the WT agreed that the existing voting thresholds should be reviewed as part of the next cycle of GNSO Review.

5. Decision-making methodology

The PDP-WT recommends that PDP Working Groups are required to use the decision-making methodology that has been proposed in the GNSO Working Group Guidelines, at least for a certain period of time, following which its effectiveness and usability could be reviewed and assessed as part of the overall review of the new PDP.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

Marika Konings 10/2/11 12:06

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6. Transition

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The WT agreed that following the adoption and implementation, the new PDP should apply to all new PDPs. The WT discussed whether it would / should be possible for existing PDPs to adopt the new model upon request. The Office of the General Counsel confirmed that a transition to the new PDP model for ongoing PDPs could be build in the ICANN Bylaws, should the WT decide to allow this possibility. The WT agreed to request further input on this issue during the public comment period on the Proposed Final Report.

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New PDP Flow Chart – Basis for new Annex A

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4 New GNSO PDP – Basis for new Annex A

Based on the WT recommendations and deliberations, the WT, with the support of ICANN Staff, has developed the outline below of the new Annex A that is to replace the current Annex A contained in the ICANN <u>Bylaws</u>.

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Annex A - GNSO Policy Development

The following process shall govern the GNSO policy development process ("PDP") until such time as modifications are recommended to and approved by the ICANN Board of Directors ("Board"). The role of the GNSO is outlined in Article X of these Bylaws. If the GNSO is conducting activities that are not intended to result in a Consensus Policy, the Council may act through other processes.

Section 1. Required Elements of a Policy Development Process

The following elements are required to form Consensus Policies as defined within ICANN contracts:

- a. Issue Report requested by the Board, the GNSO Council ("Council") or Advisory
 Committee, which should include at a minimum a) the proposed issue raised for
 consideration, b) the identity of the party submitting the issue, and c) how that party Is
 affected by the issue;
- b. Formal initiation of the Policy Development Process by the Council;
- 1093 c. Formation of a Working Group;
 - d. Initial Report produced by a Working Group;
- e. Final Report produced by a Working Group and forwarded to the Council for deliberation;

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

Page 37 of 77

Policy Development Process Work Team	
Proposed Final Report & Draft Recommendations	

Date:

1098		f.	Council approval of PDP Recommendations contained in the Final Report, by the
1099			required thresholds;
1100		g.	The PDP Recommendations shall be forwarded to the Board through a
1101			Recommendations Report forwarded to Board; and
1102		h.	Board approval of PDP Recommendations.
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1104		Section	2. Public Comment Required
1105			
1106	1	At mini	mum, every Preliminary Issue Report and Initial Report referred to in Section 1 above
1107	I	shall be	e posted for public comment on the ICANN website for a minimum of 30 days. Working
1108		Groups	and Council are encouraged to, but not required, to post any other interim or draft
1109		Report	or issue raised within the PDP for public comment.
1110	I		
1111		Section	3. Council Approval Process
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1113		The Co	uncil approval process is set forth within the Policy Development Procedure Manual
1114		describ	ed at Section 5 below.
1115			
1116		Section	4. Board Approval Processes
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1118		Board (deliberation on the PDP Recommendations contained within the Recommendations
1119		Report	shall proceed as follows:
1120		a.	Any PDP Recommendations approved by a GNSO Supermajority Vote shall be adopted
1121			by the Board unless, by a vote of more than sixty-six (66%) percent of the Board, the
1122			Board determines that such policy is not in the best interests of the ICANN community
1123			or ICANN.

b. In the event that the Board determines, in accordance with paragraph a above, that the

policy recommended by a GNSO Supermajority Vote is not in the best interests of the

ICANN community or ICANN (the Corporation), the Board shall (i) articulate the reasons

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- for its determination in a report to the Council (the "Board Statement"); and (ii) submit the Board Statement to the Council.
- c. The Council shall review the Board Statement for discussion with the Board as soon as feasible after the Council's receipt of the Board Statement. The Board shall determine the method (e.g., by teleconference, e-mail, or otherwise) by which the Council and Board will discuss the Board Statement.
- d. At the conclusion of the Council and Board discussions, the Council shall meet to affirm or modify its recommendation, and communicate that conclusion (the "Supplemental Recommendation") to the Board, including an explanation for the then-current recommendation. In the event that the Council is able to reach a GNSO Supermajority Vote on the Supplemental Recommendation, the Board shall adopt the recommendation unless more than sixty-six (66%) percent of the Board determines that such policy is not in the interests of the ICANN community or ICANN.
- e. In any case in which the Council is not able to reach GNSO Supermajority vote on a PDP Recommendation, a majority vote of the Board will be sufficient to either approve the PDP Recommendation for implementation or to determine that the policy recommended by the GNSO Council is not in the best interests of the ICANN Community or ICANN.
- f. If the GNSO Council is recommending a Consensus Policy as defined within ICANN contracts, the Board can only approve a Consensus Policy that was approved by the required GNSO voting threshold.

Section 5. Policy Development Process Procedure Manual

The GNSO shall maintain a Policy Development Process Procedure Manual within the GNSO Operating Procedures. The Policy Development Process Procedure Manual shall contain specific guidance on completion of all elements identified in Section 1 of this Annex that are not otherwise defined in these Bylaws. The Policy Development Process Procedure Manual and any amendments thereto are subject to the 21 (twenty-one) day public comment period, as well as Board oversight and review, as specified at Article X, Section 3.6.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Koninos

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164	Section 6. Council Expedited Procedures
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166	The Policy Development Procedure Manual may define expedited procedures for policy
167	development work in exigent circumstances.
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169	Section 7. Required Thresholds
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171	All GNSO policy development is subject to the voting thresholds set forth at Article XX, Section
172	3.9 of these Bylaws.
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174	Section 8. Implementation of Approved Policies
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176	Upon a final decision of the Board adopting the policy, the Board shall, as appropriate, give
177	authorization or direction to ICANN staff to work with the GNSO Council to create an
178	implementation plan based upon the implementation recommendations identified in the Final
179	Report, and to implement the policy. The GNSO Council may, but is not required to, direct the
180	creation of an implementation review team to assist in implementation of the policy.
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182	Section 9. Maintenance of Records
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184	Throughout the PDP, from policy suggestion to a final decision by the Board, ICANN will
185	maintain on the Website, a status web page detailing the progress of each PDP issue. Such
186	status page will outline the completed and upcoming steps in the PDP process, and contain link
187	to key resources (e.g. Reports, Comments Fora, WG Discussions, etc.).
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5 Policy Development Process Procedure Manual

As outlined before, in order to enhance flexibility of the Policy Development Process, the PDP-WT proposes to incorporate the details as well as further guidance on how to manage a PDP in a Policy Development Process Procedure Manual that would become an integral part of the GNSO Council Operating Procedures. Below is a first draft of such a PDP Procedure Manual that contains the main elements based on the recommendations outlined in the previous chapters.

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5.1 PDP Procedure Manual - Introduction

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These guidelines and processes supplement the requirements for PDPs described in Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws [insert link].

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5.2 Requesting an Issue Report

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Board Request. The Board may request an Issue Report by instructing the GNSO Council ("Council") to begin the process outlined in this Manual.

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Council Request. The GNSO Council may request an Issue Report by a vote of at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the members of the Council of each House or a majority of one House.

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Advisory Committee Request. An Advisory Committee may raise an issue for policy development by action of such committee to request an Issue Report, and transmission of that request to the Staff Manager and GNSO Council.

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Requests for an Issue Report by the Board or by an Advisory Committee do not require any

GNSO Council action, but are to be reviewed by Staff and prepared in accordance with Section

5,4 below.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

Marika Konings 10/2/11 16:08

Deleted: This GNSO Policy Development Process (PDP) Procedure Manual (Manual) describes the recommended guidelines for the development of policies that may become consensus policies applicable to ICANN contracted parties.

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Deleted: Although this Manual is intended for the development of consensus policies, the GNSO Council may, at its discretion, follow the processes described in this Manual for other types of activities that are within the scope of the GNSO Council's mandate as described in Article X of the Bylaws.

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5.3 Planning for Initiation of a PDP

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Consistent with ICANN's commitment to fact-based policy development, the GNSO Council and Staff are encouraged to provide advice in advance of a vote on the request for an issues report specifying any additional research, discussion, or outreach that should be conducted as part of the development of the Issues Report, in order to ensure a balanced and informed Issues Report.

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The GNSO Council is encouraged to consider scheduling workshops on substantive issues prior to the initiation of a PDP. Such workshops could, amongst others; facilitate community understanding of the issue; assist in scoping and defining the issue; gather support for the request of an Issue Report, and/or; serve as a means to gather additional data and/or information before a request is submitted. Where appropriate, the GNSO Council should

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consider requiring such a workshop during the planning and initiation phase for a specific issue.

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To the extent such workshops are utilized by the GNSO Council, the invitations and/or announcements for workshops should be communicated as broadly as possible.

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The GNSO Council should consider requiring an impact analysis to be conducted if appropriate or necessary prior to the vote for the initiation of a PDP. Such an impact analysis could include the assessment of the impact on the public interest; the security, stability and resiliency of the DNS; competition, consumer trust and consumer choice, and; international participation (as outlined in section 3 of the Affirmation of Commitments) [as well as the impact on human

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The GNSO Council should take into full account the resources available, both volunteers and 1260 staff, when making its decision on whether or not to initiate a PDP.

rights].

5.4 Recommended Format of Issue Report Requests

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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 $1271 \qquad \hbox{The recommended format of requests for Issue Reports under paragraphs (b) and (c) of Section}$

2 is described below:

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Request for Issue Report	
Name of Requestor:	
Name of Stakeholder Group/Constituency (if	
applicable) in support of request:	
Please provide rationale for policy development:	
Brief explanation of how issue affects your SG or	
Constituency:	
Suggestions on specific items to be addressed in the	
Issue Report (if any):	
Please provide a concise definition of the issue	
presented and the problems raised by the issue:	
Please provide supporting evidence (if any):	
How does this issue relate to the provisions of the	
ICANN Bylaws, the Affirmation of Commitments	
and/or ICANN's Articles of Incorporation:	
Date Submitted:	
Expected Completion Date:	

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5.5 Creation of the Preliminary Issue Report

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Within forty-five (45) calendar days after receipt of either (i) an instruction from the Board; (ii) a properly supported motion from the GNSO Council; or (iii) a properly supported motion from an Advisory Committee, the Staff Manager will create a report (a "Preliminary Issue Report"). In the event the Staff Manager determines that more time is necessary to create the Preliminary Issue

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

1282 Report, the Staff Manager may request an extension of time for completion of the Preliminary 1283 Issue Report, which request should be discussed with the Requestor, 1284 1285 In the event that the Issue Report was initially requested by the Board or an Advisory 1286 Committee, the requestor shall be informed of any extension of time for completion of the Issue Council 1287 Report. Any request for extension of time should include consideration of the complexity of the 1288 issue, the extent of research and outreach recommended, and the ICANN Staff workload. 1289 1290 The following elements should be considered in the Issue Report: 1291 a) The proposed issue raised for consideration; 1292 b) The identity of the party submitting the request for the Issue Report; 1293 c) How that party is affected by the issue, if known; 1294 d) Support for the issue to initiate the PDP, if known; 1295 e) The opinion of the ICANN General Counsel regarding whether the issue proposed for 1296 consideration within the Policy Development Process is properly within the scope of 1297 the ICANN's mission, policy process and more specifically the role of the GNSO. In 1298 determining whether the issue is properly within the scope of the ICANN policy 1299 process, General Counsel's opinion should examine whether the issue: 1300 a. is within the scope of ICANN's mission statement, and more specifically the 1301 role of the GNSO; b. is broadly applicable to multiple situations or organizations; 1302 1303 c. is likely to have lasting value or applicability, albeit with the need for 1304 occasional updates; 1305 d. is likely to enable ICANN to carry out its commitments under the Affirmation 1306 of Commitments; 1307 e. will establish a guide or framework for future decision-making; implicates or 1308 affects an existing ICANN policy. 1309 f. will implicate or affect an existing ICANN policy. 1310 f) The opinion of the Staff Manager as to whether the Council should initiate the PDP 1311 on the issue

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

1320 1321 5.6 Public Comment on the Preliminary Issue Report 1322 1323 Upon completion of the preliminary Issue Report, the preliminary Issue Report shall be posted 1324 on the ICANN website for a public comment period of no less than 30 days. When posted for 1325 Public Comment, Staff is encouraged to translate the executive summaries of Preliminary Issue 1326 Reports into the six UN languages to the extent permissible under the ICANN translation policy 1327 and the ICANN budget, though the posting of any version in English shall not be delayed while 1328 translations are being completed. 1329 1330 The Staff Manager is responsible for drafting a summary and analysis of the public comments 1331 received on the Issue Report and producing a final Issue Report based upon the comments 1332 received. The Staff Manager should forward the Final Issue Report, along with any summary and 1333 analysis of the public comments received, to the Chair of the GNSO Council for consideration for 1334 initiation of a PDP. 1335 1336 The summary and analysis and the Final Issue Report are expected to be delivered to the Chair of the GNSO Council within 30 days of the closing of the public comment forum, though the Staff 1337 1338 Manager may request an extension of that 30-day time for delivery. 1339 1340 5.7 Initiation of the PDP 1341 1342 The Council may initiate the PDP as follows: 1343 1344 Board Request: If the Board requested an Issue Report, the Council, within the timeframe set 1345 forth in the paragraph below, shall note for the record the confirmation of receipt of the Issue 1346 Report and the formal initiation of the PDP. No vote is required for such action. 1347

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GNSO Council or Advisory Committee Requests: The Council may only initiate the PDP by a vote of the Council. Initiation of a PDP requires a vote as set forth in Article X, Section 3, paragraph 9(b) and (c) in favor of initiating the PDP,

Timing of vote on Initiation of the PDP. The Council should endeavour to vote on whether to initiate the policy development process at the next scheduled Council meeting following the receipt of an Issue Report; provided that the Issue Report is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the Issue Report is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council should endeavour to vote on the initiation of the PDP at the subsequent GNSO Council meeting. At the written request of any voting Council member, for any reason, consideration of the Issue Report may be postponed by not more than one (1) meeting, provided that that the Council member details the precise rationale for such a postponement. Consideration of the Issue Report may only be postponed for a total of one (1) meeting, even if multiple Council members request postponement.

Upon consideration of the Issue Report the GNSO Council may, when necessary, vote to suspend further consideration of the Issue Report. The basis for suspension could include prioritization reasons such as insufficient Staff or community support available due to other ongoing PDP work, requests for additional data and requests for additional discussion. The GNSO Council is expected to use this procedure sparingly, and should generally endeavour to vote on the initiation of a PDP within 90 calendar days of the receipt of the Final Issue Report. Any decision to suspend consideration of the Final Issue Report is to be accompanied by a proposed timeline for further consideration, including a timeline for a vote on the initiation of the PDP.

In the event that the GNSO Council does not approve the initiation of the PDP, not including the possible suspension of further consideration of the Issue Report as described above, any Councillor may appeal the denial, and request that the GNSO Council hold a renewed vote on the initiation of the PDP at the next subsequent GNSO Council meeting.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings Marika Konings 14/2/11 10:06

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Comment [1]: Voting threshold?

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Page 46 of 77

Page 47 of 77

In the event that the GNSO Council does not approve the initiation of the PDP following an Issue Report requested by an Advisory Committee (AC), the AC or its representatives should have the opportunity to meet with representatives of the GNSO, and in particular, those voting against the initiation of the PDP, to discuss the rationale for the rejection and why the AC feels that reconsideration is appropriate. Following this meeting, the AC may submit a statement to the GNSO Council requesting a re-vote and giving its rationale for such a re-vote. This process may be followed just once for any given Issue Report.

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As part of its decision on the initiation of the PDP, the GNSO Council may include consideration of how ICANN's budget and planning can best accommodate the PDP and/or its possible outcomes, and, if applicable, how the proposed PDP is aligned with ICANN's Strategic Plan.

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5.8 Development and Approval of the Charter for the PDP

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Upon initiation of the PDP, a group formed at the direction of Council should be convened to draft the charter for the PDP Team. The Council should indicate the timeframe within which a draft PDP Charter is expected to be presented to the Chair of the GNSO Council. The elements of the Charter should include: <a href="true="t

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The Council should consider whether to approve the proposed PDP Charter at the Council meeting following the Chair's receipt of the proposed PDP Charter; provided that the proposed PDP Charter is received at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the proposed PDP Charter is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council should endeavour to consider the proposed PDP Charter at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting.

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The same voting thresholds that apply to the initiation of the PDP also apply to the approval of the proposed PDP Charter. Specifically, the proposed PDP Charter is to be approved with an affirmative vote of vote of more than 33% of the Council members of each House or more than

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings Marika Konings 14/2/11 10:09

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66% vote of one House in favour of approval of a Charter for a PDP within scope; unless the Staff Recommendation stated that the issue is not properly within the scope of the ICANN policy process or the GNSO, in which case a GNSO Supermajority Vote as set forth in Article X, Section 3, paragraph 9(c) in favour of approving the PDP Team Charter is specified to approve the PDP Charter.

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Once approved, modification of any PDP Charter is discouraged, absent special circumstances.

Approved charters may be modified or amended by a simple majority vote of each House.

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In exigent circumstances, upon approval of the initiation of the PDP, the GNSO Council may direct certain work to be performed prior to the approval of the PDP Charter. The GNSO Council may only approve expedited processes in accordance with the procedures specified in Section [confirm] of this Manual.

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5.9 PDP Outcomes and Processes

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Upon approval of the PDP Charter, the GNSO Council may form a working group, task force, or drafting team (the "PDP Team"), to perform the PDP activities. The preferred model for the PDP Team is the Working Group model due to the availability of specific Working Group rules and procedures that are included in the GNSO Operating Rules and Procedures. The GNSO Council should not select another model for conducting PDPs unless the GNSO Council first identifies the specific rules and procedures to guide the PDP Team's deliberations. The PDP Team is required to review and become familiar with the GNSO Working Group Guidelines, which also apply to PDP Working Groups [include link to the GNSO Working Group Guidelines once published], which includes further information and guidance on the functioning of GNSO Working Groups.

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Once formed, the PDP Team is responsible for engaging in the collection of information. If deemed appropriate or helpful by the PDP Team, the PDP Team may solicit the opinions of outside advisors, experts, or other members of the public. The PDP Team should carefully

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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Page 49 of 77

consider the budgetary impacts, implementability, <u>and/</u>or feasibility of its proposed information requests and/or subsequent recommendations.

The PDP Team should formally solicit statements from each Stakeholder Group and Constituency in the early stages of the PDP. Stakeholder Groups and Constituencies should at a minimum have 35 days to complete such a statement from the moment that the statement is formally requested by the PDP Team. If appropriate, such statements may be solicited more than once by the PDP Team throughout the PDP process. The PDP Team is also encouraged to formally seek the opinion of other ICANN Advisory Committees and Supporting Organizations, as appropriate that may have expertise, experience, or an interest in the PDP issue. Solicitation of opinions should be done during the early stages of the PDP.

In addition, the PDP Team should seek input from other SOs and ACs. Such input should be treated with the same due diligence as other comments and input processes. In addition, comments from ACs and SOs should receive a response from the PDP Team. This may include, for example, direct reference in the applicable Report or embedded in other responsive documentation or a direct response.

The PDP Team is encouraged to establish communication in the early stages of the PDP with other departments, outside the policy department, within ICANN that may have an interest, expertise, or information regarding the implementability of the issue. The Staff Manager is responsible for serving as the intermediary between the PDP Team and the various ICANN departments (finance, legal, compliance, etc.). The PDP Team Chair may escalate to the Vice President of Policy if the PDP Team is of the opinion that such communications have been hindered through the involvement of ICANN policy Staff. ICANN Staff may perform additional distinct roles for a PDP Team as requested and appropriate (see GNSO Working Group Guidelines for further details).

This Section illustrates the types of outcomes that are permissible from a PDP. PDP Teams may make recommendations to the GNSO Council regarding:

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

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1484	i.	Consensus policies
1485	ii.	Other policies
1486	iii.	Best Practices
1487	iv.	Implementation Guidelines
1488	v.	Agreement terms and conditions
1489	vi.	Technical Specifications
1490	vii.	Research or Surveys to be Conducted
1491	viii.	Advice to ICANN or to the Board
1492	ix.	Advice to other Supporting Organizations or Advisory
1493		Committee
1494	x.	Budget issues
1495	xi.	Requests for Proposals
1496	xii.	Recommendations on future policy development activities
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At the same time, a PDP Team may also conclude that no recommendation is necessary.

The Staff Manager is responsible for coordinating with the Chair(s) of the PDP Team to supervise and to carry out the PDP activities as necessary or appropriate, including, without limitation, making available the standard technical resources for the PDP Team, scheduling and attending PDP Team meetings, drafting and publishing PDP reports for public comment, and providing expertise where needed.

5.10 Publication of the Initial Report

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After collection and review of information, the PDP Team and Staff are responsible for producing an Initial Report. The Initial Report should include the following elements:

- Compilation of Stakeholder Group and Constituency Statements
- Compilation of any statements received from any ICANN Supporting Organization or Advisory Committee

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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- Recommendations for policies, guidelines, best practices or other proposals to address the issue
- Statement of level of consensus for the recommendations presented in the Initial Report
- Information regarding the members of the PDP Team, such as the attendance records, Statements of Interest, etc.
- If applicable, input on issues related to implementation, impact (economic, business, social, operational, etc) and feasibility including the inclusion of implementation guidelines

These elements may be included as content within the Initial Report or by reference to information posted on an ICANN website (such as through a hyperlink).

The Initial Report should be delivered to the GNSO Council and posted for a public comment period of not less than 30 days. If such a public comment period would coincide with an ICANN Public Meeting, the PDP Team is strongly encouraged to extend the public comment period a minimum of seven (7) days. Any public comment period on items other than the Issue Report and Initial Report shall be for a minimum of 21 days. The PDP Team is encouraged to explore other means to solicit input than the traditional public comment forum such as, for example, the use of a survey which might allow for asking more targeted questions.

5.11 Preparation of the Final Report

At the end of the public comment period, the Staff Manager, in close coordination with the PDP Team, is responsible for reviewing the comments received and adding those deemed appropriate for inclusion to the Initial Report, in order to produce a revised Report for consideration by the PDP Team. The Staff Manager and the PDP Team are not obligated to include all comments made during the comment period, including each comment made by any one individual or organization.

transmission to the Council.

The Staff Manager and the PDP Team may update the Initial Report if there are any recommendations within the Initial Report that require modification to address comments received through public comment.

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The PDP Team is expected to deliberate as appropriate to properly evaluate and address comments raised during the public comment period. This should include the careful consideration and analysis of the public comments; explaining the rationale for agreeing and disagreeing with the different comments received, and, if appropriate, how these will be addressed in the report of the PDP Team. Following the review of the comments received and, if required, additional deliberations, the PDP Team is expected to produce a Final Report for

While the Final Report is not required to be posted for public comment, in preparing the Final

Report, the PDP Team should consider whether the Final Report should be posted for public

comment as a [Draft] Final Report, with the goal of maximizing accountability and transparency

translating the executive summaries of the Initial Reports and Draft Final Reports into the six UN

languages, to the extent permissible under the ICANN translation policy and the ICANN budget,

though the posting of any version in English is not to be delayed while translations are being

completed. Upon completion of the Public Comment period, if any, and incorporation of any

Report is to be forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair to begin the GNSO Council deliberation

additional comments identified therein, or if no further comment period is necessary, the Final

minimum duration of a public comment period that does not concern the Initial Report is twenty

with regards the PDP, especially when substantial changes have been made compared to the

contents of the Initial Report. When posted for Public Comment, Staff should consider

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1568 In addition to any required public comment periods, the PDP Team may seek public comment on

(21) days.

process.

any item that the PDP Team notes it will benefit from further public input. The PDP Team does not have to seek approval from the GNSO Council to seek public comment on interim items. The

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

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Each recommendation in the Final Report should be accompanied by the appropriate consensus level designation (see GNSO Working Group Guidelines for applicable standard methodology for making decisions, including consensus level designations). [include direct reference to appropriate section]

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5.12 Expedited PDP Procedures

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No expedited PDP Procedures are available. The GNSO Council should re-evaluate the need for an expedited mechanism in due time, as part of the review of the new Policy Development Process.

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5.13 Council Deliberation

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The GNSO Council is strongly encouraged to consider the recommendations within the Final Report at the next meeting after the Final Report is forwarded to the Council Chair, provided that the Final Report is forwarded to the Council Chair at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the GNSO Council meeting. If the Final Report is forwarded to the GNSO Council Chair within the eight (8) calendar days immediately preceding the next GNSO Council meeting, the Council should consider the Final Report at the meeting after the next GNSO Council meeting. At the written request of any voting Council member, for any reason, consideration of the Final Report may be postponed for no more than one (1) meeting, provided that that such Council member details the precise rationale for such a postponement. Consideration of the Final Report may only be postponed for a total of one (1) meeting, even if multiple Council members request postponement. The GNSO Council may, if deemed appropriate, schedule a separate session with the PDP Team to discuss the Final Report and ask any clarifying questions that might arise.

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The GNSO Council is expected to vote on the recommendations contained in the Final Report. Approval of the PDP recommendations contained in the Final Report requires an affirmative vote meeting the thresholds set forth at Article X, Section 2(9) d - f.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings Marika Konings 14/2/11 09:08

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In the event that the Final Report includes recommendations that did not achieve the consensus within the PDP Team, the GNSO Council should deliberate on whether to adopt them or remand the recommendations for further analysis and work. Although the GNSO Council may adopt all or any portion of the recommendations contained in the Final Report, it is recommended that the GNSO Council take into account whether the PDP Team has indicated that any recommendations contained in the Final Report are interdependent. The GNSO Council is strongly discouraged from itemizing recommendations that the PDP Team has identified interdependent or modifying recommendations wherever possible. In the event the GNSO Council expresses concerns or proposes changes to the PDP recommendations, it may be more appropriate to pass these concerns or recommendations for changes back to the respective PDP

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5.14 Preparation of the Board Report

Team for input and follow-up.

If the PDP Recommendations contained in the Final Report are approved by the GNSO Council, the GNSO Council may designate a person or group responsible for drafting a Recommendations Report to the Board. Staff should inform the GNSO Council from time to time of the format requested by the Board. These GNSO Council Reports supplement any Staff Reports that may highlight any legal, implementability, financial, and other operational concerns related to the PDP recommendations contained in the Final Report. In order to enhance ICANN's accountability and transparency, Staff is encouraged to publish its Staff Reports with minimal redactions wherever possible, without jeopardizing information that may be protected under attorney/client or other legal privileges.

5.15 GNSO Council Role in Implementation

Upon a final decision of the Board adopting the GNSO PDP policy, the Board may, as appropriate, give authorization or direction to ICANN staff to work with the GNSO Council to create an implementation plan based upon the implementation recommendations identified in

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

Page 54 of 77

the Final Report, and to implement the policy in as timely a fashion as possible. The GNSO Council may, but is not required to, direct the creation of an Implementation Review Team to assist Staff in developing the implementation details for the policy. In its Final Report, the PDP Team should provide recommendations to the GNSO Council on whether an Implementation Review Team should be established and any other recommendations deemed appropriate in relation to such an Implementation Review Team (e.g. composition).

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5.16 Termination of PDP prior to Final Report

The GNSO Council, may terminate a PDP prior to the publication of a Final Report only for significant cause, upon a motion that passes with a Supermajority Vote in favour of termination. The following are illustrative examples of possible reasons for a premature termination of a PDP:

165316541. <u>Deadlock</u>. The PDP Team is hopelessly dea

- <u>Deadlock</u>. The PDP Team is hopelessly deadlocked and unable to identify recommendations or statements that have either the strong support or a consensus of its members despite significant time and resources being dedicated to the PDP;
- 2. **Changing Circumstances**. Events have occurred since the initiation of the PDP that have rendered the PDP moot or no longer necessary; or
- <u>Lack of Community Volunteers</u>. Despite several calls for participation, the work of the PDP Team is significantly impaired and unable to effectively conclude its deliberations due to lack of volunteer participation.

If there is no recommendation from the PDP Team for its termination, the Council is required to conduct a public comment forum first prior to conducting a vote on the termination of the PDP (as described above).

1666 | 1667 **5.17 Amen**

5.17 Amendments or Modifications of Approved Policies

Approved GNSO Council policies may be modified or amended by the GNSO Council at any time prior to the final approval by the ICANN Board as follows:

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

1674 1. The PDP Team is reconvened or, if disbanded, reformed, and should be consulted with 1675 regards to the proposed amendments or modifications; 1676 2. The proposed amendments or modifications are posted for public comment for not less 1677 than twenty-one (21)thirty (30) days; 1678 3. The GNSO Council approves of such amendments or modifications with a SuperMajority 1679 Vote of both Houses in favour.] 1680 1681 Approved GNSO Council policies that have been adopted by the ICANN Board and have been 1682 implemented by ICANN Staff may only be amended by the initiation of a new PDP on the issue 1683 1684 5.18 Periodic Assessments of Approved Policies 1685 1686 Periodic assessment of PDP recommendations and policies is an important tool to guard against 1687 unexpected results or inefficient processes arising from GNSO policies. PDP Teams are 1688 encouraged to include proposed timing, assessment tools, and metrics for review as part of their 1689 Final Report. In addition, the GNSO Council may at any time initiate reviews of past policy 1690 recommendations. 1691 1692 5.19 Miscellaneous 1693 1694 This Manual may be updated by the GNSO Council from time to time following the same 1695 procedures as applicable to amendments to the GNSO Council Operating Rules and Procedures. 1696 1697 In the event of any inconsistencies between the ICANN Bylaws or this Manual, the terms of the 1698 ICANN Bylaws shall supersede. 1699

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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

Annex I - Public Comment Forum on the Initial Report

A public comment forum was held on the Initial Report which ran from 31 May to 30 September (see http://www.icann.org/en/announcements/announcement-2-31may10-en.htm). A summary of the comments received can be found hereunder. In addition, the WT developed a public comment review tool to facilitate review and discussion of the comments received as well as providing an overview of how the different comments have been addressed in this report.

You can review the public comment review tool <u>here</u>.

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At the closing of the public comment period, eight submissions had been made. One of the submissions was unrelated to the report (spam), while another submission asked a question about who had constituted the Work Team. The remaining six submissions provided input on the Initial Report and its recommendations and were made by the At Large Advisory Committee (ALAC), the International Trademark Association (INTA) Internet Committee, the Registrar Stakeholder Group (RrSG), the Registries Stakeholder Group (RySG), Naomasa Maruyama and Mary Wong (whose comments have also been endorsed by the Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group).

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The comments received have been summarized and categorized in the table below.

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	Comment (Summary)	Who
Comment relating t	0	
Working Group	Prior to formally institutionalizing the WG model, the PDP	ALAC
Model	WT should undertake or commission a review of whether	
Wiodei	the WG model is in fact optimal for addressing PDP issues	
Evidence / data	PDPs should be based on responsibly document evidence	RrSG
	of an issue to be addressed. A reasonable data-driven	
	threshold for introduction of a PDP is a necessary step.	
Planning and	ICANN was established with parameters for good reasons –	RrSG
Request for an	to keep the organization from overreaching and causing	
Request for all	disruption, to clearly define its role, etc. If the GNSO is	
Issues Report -	willing to continue accepting every issue that's raised,	
	whether in scope or not, ICANN will continue to experience	

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Issue Scoping (3a)	the difficulties it does now. Setting reasonable boundaries about scope should not be difficult.	
Planning and	No potential outcomes should be dictated as part of the	RrSG
Request for an	PDP, though the SG agrees a requestor should identify potential outcomes if possible, without bias.	
Issues Report -		
Issue Scoping (3b)		
Planning and	The proposed suggestion (if there is not sufficient	RrSG
Request for an	information available, an issue does not pass to the next	
Issues Report -	stage) is a reasonable one. Proceeding blindly on policy development without sufficient information is	
Issue Scoping (3c)	irresponsible.	
	The DrCC agrees that a variative of alternatives about a	RrSG
Planning and	The RrSG agrees that a variety of alternatives should be employed to address issues of concern to the community.	טכוא
Request for an	A PDP may or may not be the appropriate method.	
Issues Report -		
Issue Scoping (3d)		
PDP Flow Chart	The RySG notes that the PDP Flowchart shows the 'Initiation of a PDP' prior to the 'Creation if a Drafting Team to develop the WG Charter'. In recent GNSO PDPs, it has appeared to be helpful to have a draft charter prepared before initiating the PDP; that then makes it easier to decide whether a PDP should be initiated because the desired objectives and deliverables are defined.	RySG
	For 'Adoption of the Charter', the "Same voting thresholds apply as for the Initiation of the PDP". The voting thresholds for initiating a PDP are as follows: To initiate a PDP within scope requires an affirmative vote of more than 33% of each House or more than 66% of one House. To initiate a PDP not within scope requires an affirmative vote of more than 75% of one House and a majority of the other House ("GNSO Supermajority"). It might be simpler to apply the default threshold, a simple majority of each house.	
Comment relating to	Recommendation # (see	
	prg/issues/pdp-initial-report-31may10-en.pdf)	
1 (Who -Request	The PDP ought to address the manner in which unaffiliated groups and individuals can properly raise issues they would	INTA

for Issues Report)	like to be considered. For instance, a funneling mechanism through which issues are vetted and/or passed to the	
	GNSO or AC or relevant constituencies likely to have similar concerns, may be considered.	
1 (Who -Request	It is appropriate that the current mechanisms for initiating	Mary Wong
for Issues Report)	a request for an Issues Report be maintained and not expanded. The language of the current Recommendation may itself create further confusion. For example, is it the WT's intention to equate the necessary action as between the GNSO Council and an AC? If so, that would have been clearer had the recommended language for (b) (where the Council raises an issue) read "raise an issue for policy development" (as it currently reads in relation to ACs) rather than simply "raise an issue". Another option might simply be to re-title Section 1 of Annex A of the latest ICANN Bylaws, to read "Raising an Issue for Consideration Before Initiation of a PDP" (instead of just "Raising An Issue", which is the current wording.) A separate section dealing with Board initiation of a PDP (bypassing an Issues Report and Council vote) should then be added. In similar vein, the words "Issue Raised by the Board" in Section 3(a) of Annex A should be amended to read "Initiation of PDP	
	by the Board".	
2 (Language –	Although this was presumably not part of the WT's charge,	Mary Wong
Request for Issues	striking the "members present" language should be reviewed against other parts of the Bylaws (and any other	
Report)	applicable rules to ICANN constituent bodies, offices,	
	committees, teams and groups, as the case may be) to see	
	if similar problems present themselves in those situations	
	and respects. A template for requesting an Issues Report would be	
	useful, but ought not to be mandatory.	
3 (How – Request	Support for recommendation 3 and suggests that said	INTA
for Issues Report)	Manual will also be open for public comment as it is developed.	
3 (How – Request	How are the contents of the PDP Manual/Guidebook going	RySG
for Issues Report)	to be developed? Note also that Recommendation 5 appears to duplicate Recommendation 3.	
4 (How – Request	Some basic template detail should probably be mandatory,	INTA
for Issues Report)	including for instance a statement as to why the issue is important to the relevant constituency.	
4 (How – Request	Issues for consideration should be raised through an	INTA
<u> </u>	electronic/online process that is linked to relevant sections	

for Issues Report)	of the PDP Manual.	
4 (How – Request for Issues Report)	The RrSG believes this is a responsible step toward making future policies based on evidence and facts. A template that includes a clearly defined problem, well-documented supporting evidence, and a rationale for the use of increasingly very limited resources for development of policy, would be a useful tool.	RrSG
4 (How – Request	Any manual or guidebook should encourage that ICANN	RrSG
for Issues Report)	participants are mindful and respectful of ICANN's limited resources.	
4 (How – Request	The RrSG looks forward to a continued discussion of what	RrSG
for Issues Report)	would constitute a reasonable threshold for initiating a PDP.	
3,4 & 5 (How –	A manual and/or guidelines would be helpful. It is not clear	Mary Wong
Request for Issues	at this point how, and by whom, these manuals and guidelines will be developed. They ought to be a	
Report & Issue	community process. Similarly, suggestions for identifying	
Scoping)	potential outcomes and ways to define the issue should be accomplished with community input.	
	Recommendation #5 seems repetitive in light of previous recommendations. Are there specific issues or concerns that were not addressed by, say, Recommendation #3, that the WT intended be addressed here?	
6 (Creation of	In some cases it might be useful to do additional research,	RySG
Issues Report)	hold discussions or conduct outreach before an Issues Report is requested, so it might be useful to include this possibility in the manual/guidebook.	
6 (Creation of	The Bylaws should not be complicated with too much	Mary Wong
Issues Report)	detail, particularly (in this regard) the precise contents of an Issues Report. The WT recommendation that this be taken up as part of the preparation of the manual and guidelines is a good way of ensuring that sufficient guidance is given such that an Issues Report will serve as both a precise and informative document upon which to base a vote to initiate a PDP (or not.)	
7 (End result of	The RrSG welcomes this recommendation. Issues should be	RrSG
PDP)	met with the solution that most appropriately resolves them.	
7 (End result of	The fact that potential outcomes of a PDP can be other	Mary Wong
PDP)	than the development of consensus policies ought to be further highlighted to the ICANN community, in line with the WT's recommendation.	
8 & 9 (Role of	The General Counsel's role in opining whether a proposed	Mary Wong

ICANN staff) PDP is "within scope" is both useful and necessary, thus the WT's recommendation in this respect should be followed. It would, additionally, be helpful if ICANN staff's function with respect to a particular Issues Report (e.g.	
followed. It would, additionally, be helpful if ICANN staff's function with respect to a particular Issues Report (e.g.	
function with respect to a particular Issues Report (e.g.	
whether technical expertise was provided or sought) could	
be included, where possible. The proposed	
manual/guidelines could further explore this question.	
10 (Timeline Issues Maximum time frames in the current PDP in the Bylaws RySG	
have for the most part have had to be ignored because	
Report) they were unrealistic for many issues. Timeframes are	
better put into the manual/guidebook instead of any	
Bylaws. The practice of asking Staff to provide estimates of	
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time needed has worked fairly well in GNSO history and	
better accommodates the variability of issue complexity.	
	Wong
Report) example, prescribing the time frame (minimum to	
maximum) in the Bylaws, with the added proviso that if	
ICANN staff requests a modification of the time frame,	
then the estimate requirements in (d) be provided as soon	
as possible upon the request for an Issues Report.	
11 (Community INTA agrees with this position as it would allow relevant INTA	
Input) stakeholders and community members to have input on	
new issues that may not be reflected in the Issues Report.	
11 (Community Considering the nature of ICANN as a multi-stakeholder, Mary	Wong
consensus-building organization, the recommendation for	
Input) a mandatory public comment period, after the preparation	
of an Issues Report and prior to the Council vote in favor	
(or not) of a PDP, should be implemented.	
12 (Role of What is meant by a workshop? Workshops traditionally RySG	
have been held at ICANN international meetings but those	
workshops) are held only three times a year.	
Note that drafting teams have been used successfully in	
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the GNSO in recent years for several purposes including	
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drafting charters, developing recommendations for	
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see	
drafting charters, developing recommendations for	
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be?	Wong
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be? 12 (Role of This should be discussed, and possible processes Mary recommended by those tasked with preparing the	Wong
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be? 12 (Role of This should be discussed, and possible processes recommended, by those tasked with preparing the	Wong
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be? 12 (Role of workshops) & 13 This should be discussed, and possible processes recommended, by those tasked with preparing the relevant manual/guidelines.	Wong
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be? 12 (Role of workshops) & 13 (Impact Analysis) This should be discussed, and possible processes recommended, by those tasked with preparing the relevant manual/guidelines.	Wong
drafting charters, developing recommendations for consideration before initiating a PDP, etc. Does the WT see a place for DTs in the PDP process and, if so, what would that be? 12 (Role of workshops) & 13 This should be discussed, and possible processes recommended, by those tasked with preparing the relevant manual/guidelines.	Wong

Analysis)	Manual on what constitutes 'appropriate or necessary' and how the GNSO Council should consider and use such analyses. The design of such studies so early in the process might be flawed or could bias the outcome or decision on whether to proceed with a PDP. Public comment period could provide adequate bases for parties to argue or support undue fiscal hardship economic impact.	
13 (Impact	The RrSG agrees with this recommendation and believes it	RrSG
Analysis)	would be a prudent step in a PDP. It recommends that the PDP-WT add to this recommendation that impact analyses include, to the extend possible, an assessment of the	
	impact to: the operations of registries, registrars and	
	service providers; ICANN as an entity (including ICANN's	
10 ()	revenue); end-users and customers of the DNS.	2.00
13 (Impact	The RySG believes that this is a very constructive	RySG
Analysis)	recommendation.	
14 (Prioritization)	The RrSG supports this recommendation and looks forward	RrSG
	to a continued discussion of prioritization methods.	
14 (Prioritization)	Given the possibility of unexpected or urgent issues that	Mary Wong
& 15 (Fast Track	can arise from time to time, it will be difficult for the GNSO Council to accomplish a truly meaningful prioritization of	
Process)	the various tasks (including a PDP.) It would be unfortunate	
	if a particularly important issue (e.g. as demonstrated by	
	strong support for a PDP amongst numerous	
	constituencies or committees) could not be pursued due to	
	a lack of resources. Specific indicators (e.g. level of	
	support; existence of third party economic impact studies)	
	could be identified as aids to the GNSO Council when	
	determining prioritization or initiation of PDPs.	
	A "fast track" procedure would be a useful option.	
	However, as identified by the WT, due consideration needs	
	to be given to questions relating to gaming and ensuring	
15 (Fast Track	broad (and diverse) participation. For issues that need urgent attention, the ALAC supports	ALAC
T3 (Last 119CK	the development of a streamlined process which will	ALAC
Process)	require less volunteer and staff time, and less elapsed	
	time.	
15 (Fast Track	INTA agrees that, under certain circumstances, emergency	INTA
	procedures (requiring by-law amendment) may be	
Process)	necessary. INTA concurs with a sunset period that requires	
	a subsequent (full) PDP procedure to confirm or adapt any	
	temporary policy.	
	Lactification 1 house.	

Recent experiences in the GNSO have demonstrated the need for such a procedure so the RySG supports this recommendation. But it should be recognized that some issues will be too complex to adequately cover in a fast-track process oit would be helpful if there were some guidelines that could be used to decide when to consider a fast track procedure. INTA agrees with the proposed modified language set out in the report, but suggests that the clarifying language 'calendar' days be inserted in sub-clause 'b'. Where a PDP is initiated by Board action, it is not clear what (if any) role public comment (which, as recommended, should be provided after the issuance of an Issues Report) would play in this regard. As such, the 8 calendar days proposed by the WT may be either unnecessary (if the Council has no choice but to act on the Board's instruction) or insufficient (if public comment is to be considered.) The recommendation that a Stakeholder Group or constituency may defer a vote on a PDP for no more than one meeting, and needs to detail its reasons for such a request, is necessary to ensure timely action on issues of importance, and minimize gaming or other similarly strategic actions. 18 (Appeals for the reasons stated by the WT in its report, requiring the Council to state its reasons in the absence of a formal appeal mechanism would help ensure transparency and accountability. 19 & 20 (Chartering) The WT's rationale and recommendations regarding, in particular, the nomenclature for, participation in, and chartering processes for, a Working Group (as opposed to a "task force") are timely and should be adopted. 21 (AC/SO input) The WT's recommendation that further consideration be given as to how to further involve other SOs and ACs in the PDP process are welcome and should be adopted. This recommendation presumably applies to situations where the Council (as opposed to Councilors representing particular Stakeholder Groups or constituencies) believe a vote should be deferred, e.g. in order to obtain exp			
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Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

WGs) 25 (Maximize effectiveness of	Development of a "cheat sheet" for WGs could facilitate implementation of this recommendation	RySG
25 (Maximize effectiveness of	INTA agrees with the proposed recommendation	INTA
	policy", is necessary and should be adopted.	INITA
24 (Clarify 'in scope')	The WT's recommendation to clarify the "in scope" question, to distinguish this issue from that of "consensus	Mary Wong
scope')	appreciate clarification from the WT. With regard to the general issue, it believes that ICANN's role should be limited to that of a technical coordination body and avoid mission creep. Furthermore, the GNSO should not confuse policy development with policy implementation.	
scope') 24 (Clarify 'in	The RrSG found this language to be confusing and would	RrSG
24 (Clarify 'in	INTA agrees with the proposed language	INTA
after Initiation)	response to an Issues Report. As such, a public comment period should be mandatory, unless the WG specifically deems it – and documents its reasons – unnecessary. Even so, this should not preclude the WG from initiating a public comment period at some later point in its processes.	
23 (Public Comment Period	The function – and nature – of public comments in relation to a Working Group (WG) request after its initiation can be different from public comments solicited and received in	Mary Wong
Comment Period after Initiation)	mandatory, noting that the public comment period is ample and the scope of comments is not restricted to the WG's initial questions.	
23 (Public	of how long such a deferral can last unanswered. Similarly, the question of whether a certain threshold of Council members is required before a deferral is confirmed is also important. To leave these questions to guidelines may not be the optimal solution, although it is certainly better than the current lack of guidelines and clarity. The WT may wish to explore the possibility of at least requiring that a deferral be made for no longer than the next Council meeting (unless the reason for the deferral reveals the need for a longer deferral period, in which case there should be a maximum time limit set, to be amended only upon further vote of the Council.)	INTA

INTA agrees that such inquiry is worthy and that mechanisms for communication with ICANN departments should be clearly established. INTA agrees that such inquiry is worthy and that mechanisms for communication with ICANN departments	WGs)		
Clarification over appropriate and available means and channels of communication with ICANN departments, will be necessary and should be developed. 27 (Link with strategic plan & budget) The initiation of a PDP might include consideration of how ICANN's budget and planning can best embrace the PDP and/or its possible outcomes, the priority must be on ensuring that GNSO policy development can address the public's needs, and ICANN should adequately budget and plan to meet those requirements. The fact that policy issues do not arise in organized fashion according to a calendar (budgetary or otherwise) renders it practically impossible to implement a single process to determine how best to link a PDP with an overall strategic plan or central budget (e.g. the fact that emergency and fast track processes are being considered demonstrates this.) It is important, however, that financial constraints not be the major factor curtailing the initiation, timing or workings of a PDP. Much responsibility therefore devolves by default to the GNSO Council in its current role as manager of overall GNSO processes and work. It would be helpful, however, if through the Issues Report and constituency/stakeholder group input as well as SO and AC feedback prior to and during a PDP, as much detailed information (such as costs, timing and the need for further expert analysis) can be provided to the Council, to assist its deliberations as to whether to initiate a PDP, and (if applicable) to the WG once a PDP is initiated and a charter approved. Suggestions as to what and how such information could consist of and be compiled could be made part of the manual/guidelines under consideration. INTA agrees with the extension of timing for public comments, but believes the minimum should be 45 days to	(Communication with ICANN	mechanisms for communication with ICANN departments	INTA
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		comments, but believes the minimum should be 45 days to	INTA

	to comment. In addition, there may be circumstances	
	under which more than 45 days is necessary, either	
	because of the likely interest in the issue, or the	
	calendaring of the request, and that provision should be	
	made for extending the period for public comment under	
22 /2 1 !!	certain defined circumstances.	
28 (Public	Timeframes are better placed in the manual / guidebook	RySG
comment)	than in the Bylaws because the former are much easier to	
	change as needed.	
	GNSO experience to date has shown that flexibility is often	
	needed; in that regard, it might be better to suggest	
	comments periods of 20 to 30 days, the latter being	
	preferred if possible.	
28, 29 & 30 (Public	Given ICANN's reliance on volunteer input and the	Mary Wong
	importance of public comments, the proposed extension of	
Comment)	a public comment period to 30 days is welcome and should	
	be adopted. Although it might not be feasible to expect a	
	WG to review and acknowledge all public comments	
	received, nor would it be fair to add unnecessarily to	
	ICANN staff workload, it is still important that the WG have	
	easy access to all public comments submitted. The	
	· ·	
	recommended language should therefore be amended	
	such that, at a minimum, the ICANN staff manager must	
	provide, a full list of all public comments received and an	
	indication of which comments were deemed appropriate	
	to be included in the summary and analysis provided to the	
	WG, and which not.	
31	The first option seems like it could have value but it is not	RySG
/Imamiana antation /	clear that it would be practical in some PDPs. It may	
(Implementation /	depend on what is meant by implementation guidelines, so	
impact)	that may need some clarification. For example, the New	
	gTLD PDP contained implementation guidelines but they	
	were at a fairly high level; if the final report had to contain	
	more detail, the PDP would have taken considerably longer	
	than the 1.5 years it lasted. And we have seen that the	
	implementation process has taken even longer than the	
	PDP took.	
	To the extent possible, it would be helpful to consult with	
	WGs during the implementation process, but for PDPs that	
	last a long time, WG membership tends to change a lot so	
	that reality needs to be considered. Also, it is important to	
	do that in a way that does not too easily provide an avenue	
	for redoing recommendations in cases where some parties	
	may not have been totally satisfied with the results unless	

	there is strong justification for doing so.	
	Consultation with the GNSO should definitely happen	
	during the implementation plan development. The GNSO	
	Council should mainly be a channel through which that	
	happens.	
	In cases where an implementation team is formed, it	
	would be useful to include members of the WG as possible.	
31	To the extent that a WG can provide recommendations as	Mary Wong
(Implementation /	to implementation, they would doubtless be useful. A WG	
(iniplementation)	ought in all cases to consider including these as part of its	
impact)	report, and should also consider whether to recommend	
	the formation of an implementation team, which should	
	consist of a broad base of participants and preferably	
	include at least a few WG members. Recognizing the	
	periodic difficulty of distinguishing between "policy" and	
	"implementation", it would be helpful (particularly in	
	soliciting public comment) also if a WG could indicate	
	which issues discussed or raised crossed the line, in its	
	view, from one to the other.	
32 (Staff resources)	The RrSG concurs with this recommendation and	RrSG
(****	encourages adoption of this provision as part of the PDP	
	reform.	
32 (Staff resources)	The RySG strongly supports this recommendation.	RySG
33 (Constituency	The RySG thinks this is a good change.	RySG
Ctatamants)	It might also be a good idea to note that in some cases	
Statements)	constituency statements may be requested more than	
	once.	
33 (Constituency	The WT's note that the lack of a statement from a	Mary Wong
C+-+	constituency or Stakeholder Group may reflect that	
Statements)	group's belief as to the relative importance of that issue to	
	it, or simply the group's current workload, is important as	
	it recognizes that there are numerous stakeholders in the	
	ICANN community with varying interests in different	
	issues. The reliance on volunteer participation and the	
	recent increase in overall GNSO workload has also taken its	
	toll on volunteer time and resources. Regardless of the	
	amendment to Clause 7, therefore, the WT's suggestion of	
	additional follow-up with constituencies and Stakeholder	
	Groups should be incorporated into the proposed manual	
	and/or guidelines, and perhaps included as part of the	
	charter for all WGs tasked with a PDP, where possible.	
34, 35, 36 (WG	The WT's recommendations in these respects make sense	Mary Wong
,, , (and should be adopted.	,
1	I	

Output) & 37 (WG		
Recommendations)		
36 (Public Comment period Initial Report)	INTA agrees that such a public comment period should be mandatory. Optional additional comment periods may be useful in certain circumstances, such as when a final report differs substantially from the Initial Report.	INTA
38 (WG Recommendations)	The RrSG has no currently formed position on this issue, but agrees it is an issue that deserves attention and looks forward to contributing to further discussion.	RrSG
38 (WG Recommendations)	It is important to note that WGs do not necessarily have balanced representation. In contrast, the Council structure is designed to facilitate balanced representation of the stakeholder groups. Assuming that Councilors are consulting with their SGs and constituencies, Council decisions should reflect the consensus or lack thereof of the broader GNSO community and hopefully the broader ICANN Community as applicable.	RySG
38 (WG	No, the GNSO Council should not have the flexibility to	Naomasa
Recommendations)	'pick and choose' recommendations. It is very important for PDP Final Reports to give an objective description of the level of each consensus for each opinion / recommendation.	Maruyama
38 (WG Recommendations)	The Council should not be able to "pick and choose" recommendations, where these have not received full consensus within a WG, without at least fully documenting its reasons for doing so. In such a case, Council members should also indicate for the record whether it consulted with his/her constituency and Stakeholder Group as well as the outcome of such consultations. Where WG recommendations have not received full consensus, the WG report should indicate the actual level of support each recommendation received and (subject to a WG participant's consent) a list of WG members in support of, or against, particular recommendations.	Mary Wong
39 (Board Report)	ALAC strongly supports this recommendation.	ALAC
39 (Board Report)	INTA's view is that Staff should be allowed to provide its opinion to the Board, in an open, and non-confidential manner. Staff may be in a better position than most to decipher positive and negative suggestions and recommendations and should be heard in this capacity.	INTA

39 (Board Report)	The RySG suggests rewording this sentence along the lines of the following: "Reports on PDPs should be delivered from the GNSO Council to the Board and any summaries needed should be approved by the Council after consultation with the Working Group (if necessary)". This would more clearly allow the Council to enlist GNSO policy staff support in preparing and delivering summaries and reports while still leaving approval of such to the Council in its representative capacity of GNSO Community members. In relation to the last sentence, as this initial report illustrates, reports need to be much more concise. Detailed background and supporting information can be referenced as appendices or attachments.	RySG
39 (Board Report)	All reports to the Board should be public. ICANN staff may be requested by the GNSO Council to assist in providing summary and analysis to the Board, but (as recommended by the WT) ultimate responsibility for the content of such summary and analysis should lie with the Council, who should work with the relevant WG to determine the need for and extent of ICANN staff assistance.	Mary Wong
40 (Agreement of the Council)	Although not presumably within the scope of this WT, it should be noted that the actual procedures regarding absentee voting in the GNSO Council Operating Rules are currently being clarified. The WT should take note of the official interpretation (if any) of the pertinent part of the Rules, and review whether or not to revisit this issue in light of it.	Mary Wong
42 (Implementation)	INTA agrees with the recommendation to create an implementation review team as it will ensure that policy is implemented as agreed to in other stages of the process.	INTA
42 (Implementation)	The RrSG has no objection to this recommendation, but it should be considered in the context of the RrSG's other comments about an overtaxed staff and volunteer community.	RrSG
42 (Implementation)	The RySG supports the idea contained in the first sentence of the recommendation and suggests that the recommended composition of such review team be made in the WG final report. The review team then could serve as an ongoing resource for the GNSO Council and ICANN implementation staff.	RySG
42 (Implementation)	A WG Implementation Review Team would likely facilitate implementation efforts, and could act as the main conduit between the GNSO Council and ICANN staff charged with actual implementation of adopted policy	Mary Wong

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

	recommendations. If a WG has included implementation recommendations as part of its report, the Implementation Review Team should ensure that these recommendations are either followed or amendments/departures from them justified. In addition, ICANN staff should consult regularly with the Team and update it frequently on the status of implementation efforts, as well as refer questions that might raise policy issues to it promptly, for review as to whether these should be referred to the Council.	
43 / 44 (Review of	Providing a policy now on these issues might create an	INTA
policy and WG) 45 (Review of PDP	avenue to appeal policy decisions rather than provide meaningful insights. Other aspects of the report already address avenues for measuring whether specific policy implementations are successful. Review can be positive and beneficial, but the multiple layers of review and assessment proposed may be overly extensive and might hinder the PDP process. A periodic review of the effectiveness of the PDP Process	INTA
process)	would probably be beneficial. It may be that this review should be undertaken after a threshold number of PDPs have been completed.	
Overarching Issues		
	Without firm recommendations or, in some cases, any roadmap suggesting the direction of the WT's discussions to date on a particular overarching issue, it is difficult for the public to comment. INTA hopes that the public will have another opportunity to comment upon any recommendations relating to the overarching issues before the Council considers them.	INTA

Annex II - New PDP Flowchart

1728 [Need to update recommendation numbers if this section is to remain in the report]
1729 | This is a section reproduced from the Initial Report which contains a flow-chart that shows the

main elements of the proposed new Annex A – GNSO Policy Development Process of the ICANN

Bylaws based on the recommendations that are put forward by the PDP-WT for the

community's consideration. The first chart provides a high level overview of the different steps and elements that are proposed to form the new PDP. Following the high level overview, you

will find a more detailed breakdown of each phase, including the relevant recommendations of

the PDP-WT in relation to each step. To facilitate review of the relevant recommendations,

1736 please see Annex IV for a list.

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1738 The Board Governance Committee Report on GNSO Improvements noted that 'Many in the

ICANN community support removing the PDP requirements from the Bylaws and incorporating

them into the GNSO's operating procedures. The procedure for developing "consensus policies,"

however, must track with ICANN's contractual requirements, and should be clarified in the

1742 Bylaws'. To this end, the PDP-WT has provided an indication of which elements the PDP-WT is

1743 considering recommending be included in Annex A of the ICANN Bylaws (B) or the GNSO Rules

of Procedure (R). The main difference being that changes to the ICANN Bylaws need to be

approved by the ICANN Board while changes to the GNSO Rules of Procedure can be adopted by

approved by the ICANN Board while changes to the GNSO Rules of Frocedure can be adopted by

 $1746 \qquad \hbox{the GNSO Council, without requiring Board approval.}$

1748 Figure 1 – High level overview of the proposed new GNSO PDP

Figure 2 – Other GNSO Processes

1750 Figure 3 - Stage I - Planning and Request for an Issues Report

Figure 4 - Stage II – GNSO Council Review of the Issues Report and Initiation of the Policy Development Process

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Konings

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Figure 5 - Stage III - Working Group

Figure 6 - Stage IV – Voting and Implementation

Stage V – Policy Effectiveness and Compliance

To be decided – see recommendations 43, 44, 45.

ANNEX III - Background

On 26 June 2008 the ICANN Board <u>approved a set of recommendations</u> designed to improve the effectiveness of the GNSO, including its policy activities, structure, operations, and communications. The <u>GNSO Improvements Report</u>, approved by the Board, identified the following key objectives:

- Maximize the ability for all interested stakeholders to participate in the GNSO's policy development processes;
- Ensure that recommendations can be developed on gTLD "consensus policies" for Board review and that the subject matter of "consensus policies" is clearly defined;
- Ensure that policy development processes are based on thoroughly-researched, well-scoped objectives, and are run in a predictable manner that yields results that can be implemented effectively:
- Align policy development more tightly with ICANN's strategic and operations plans; and
- Improve communications and administrative support for GNSO objectives.

The Board emphasized the need to improve inclusiveness and representativeness in the GNSO's work while increasing its effectiveness and efficiency. The following pertains to the PDP-WT's mission:

Revising the PDP: The Policy Development Process (PDP) needs to be revised to make it more effective and responsive to ICANN's needs. It should be brought in-line with the time and effort actually required to develop policy and made consistent with ICANN's existing contracts (including, but not limited to, clarifying the appropriate scope of GNSO "consensus policy" development). While the procedure for developing "consensus policies" will need to continue to be established by the Bylaws as long as required by ICANN's contracts, the GNSO Council and Staff should propose new PDP

Policy Development Process Work Team

Proposed Final Report & Draft Recommendations

Date:

rules for the Board's consideration and approval that contain more flexibility. The new rules should emphasize the importance of the preparation that must be done before launch of a working group or other activity, such as public discussion, fact-finding, and expert research in order to properly define the scope, objective, and schedule for a specific policy development goal and the development of metrics for measuring success.

The charter of the PDP-WT is to develop and document a revised GNSO Policy Development Process that achieves the goals established by the ICANN Board. The PDP-WT, with staff assistance, will need to determine what changes to the bylaws will be required. New processes will need to be documented properly to ensure that the bylaws (and any related operational rules or procedures) are updated accurately. The revised PDP, after review and approval by the PPSC, GNSO Council, and ICANN Board, would replace the current PDP defined in Annex A of the ICANN bylaws.

This mandate arises not from a change in the mission or role of the GNSO, but from the accumulation of experience with the current PDP and the decisions that have been made by the ICANN Board concerning an organizational restructuring of the GNSO.

The PDP-WT's mission is closely related to that of the parallel Working Group Work Team (WG-WT) also chartered by the PPSC. The charter of the WG-WT is to "[d]evelop a new GNSO Working Group Model that improves inclusiveness, improves effectiveness, and improves efficiency". The two PPSC Work Teams are expected to work independently, but in consultation with each other.

For further details please visit the GNSO Improvements Home Page.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings

Page 74 of 77

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ANNEX IV - Working Group Charter

I. TEAM CHARTER/GOALS:

The GNSO Council's responsibility in recommending substantive policies relating to generic top-level domains is a critical part of ICANN's function. The mechanism by which the GNSO makes such recommendations to the ICANN Board of Directors is through the GNSO Policy Development Process (PDP) set forth in the ICANN Bylaws. The PDP Work Team is responsible for developing a new policy development process that incorporates a working group approach and makes it more effective and responsive to ICANN's policy development needs. The primary tasks are to develop:

- Appropriate operating principles, rules and procedures applicable to a new policy development process; and
- 2. An implementation/transition plan.

Specifically, the GNSO Improvements Report approved by the ICANN Board recommended that a new PDP:

- 1. Be better aligned with the contractual requirements of ICANN's consensus policies as that term is used in its contracts with registries and registrars and clearly distinguishes the development of "consensus policies" from general policy advice the GNSO Council may wish to provide to the Board. In addition, the Bylaws should clarify that only a GNSO recommendation on a consensus policy can, depending on the breadth of support, be considered binding on the Board, unless it is rejected by a supermajority vote.
- Emphasize the importance of the work that must be done before launching a working group
 or other policy development activity, such as public discussion, fact-finding and expert
 research in order to define properly the scope, objective and schedule for a specific policy
 development goal.

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations
Author: Marika Koninos

Page 75 of 77

- 3. Be more flexible than the current model, containing timelines that are consistent with the task.
- 4. Provide for periodic assessment to determine the effectiveness of revised rules, processes, and procedures on policy development work including self-reporting by each working group of any lessons learned, as well as input on metrics that could help measure the success of the policy recommendation. In addition the GNSO Council Chair should present an annual report to the ICANN community on the effectiveness of new GNSO policies using the metrics developed at the end of each PDP. The report should also contain a synthesis of lessons learned from policy development during the year with a view to establishing best practices. The report should be presented annually at an ICANN public meeting each year, and the material should be incorporated into the ICANN Annual Report prepared by Staff.
- 5. Better align the PDP process with ICANN's strategic plan and operations plan. The Council, constituencies and staff should publish an annual "policy development plan" for current and upcoming work, to better align resources with strategic objectives, and to create a stronger nexus between the work plan of the GNSO Council and the ICANN planning process. The plan should be linked to ICANN's overall strategic plan, but be sufficiently flexible to accommodate changes in priority determined by rapid evolution in the DNS marketplace and unexpected initiatives.
- 6. Contain rules, processes and procedures that are more effective and efficient and that meet consensus policy requirements as detailed further in the Report, to include specifying certain policy activities that should be done, including: research, consultation with constituencies, periods for public comment, timelines consistent with the complexity of the task, regular reporting to the Council as established in the scoping phase, and a final report and public comment period as in the current PDP.

The PDP Team shall work independently from, but in close consultation with, the Working Group Team of the Policy Process Steering Committee (PPSC). The Policy Development Process Team shall be responsible for making recommendations concerning the development of and transition to a new PDP for PPSC review.

ANNEX V - The Working Group

• Following the adoption of the charter by the GNSO Council, a call for volunteers was launched. The following individuals are part of the PDP-WT. Statements of Interests can be found[include link]_[include link].

NAME	AFFILIATION	Meetings Attended
Sophia Bekele	Individual	
James Bladel	Registrar	
Marilyn Cade	Individual	
Bertrand de la Chapelle	GAC	
Paul Diaz	Registrar	
Avri Doria	NCA/NCSG ¹	
J. Scott Evans (Observer)	IPC	
Alex Gakuru	NCUC	
Alan Greenberg	ALAC	
Tony Harris	ISP	
Wolf-Ulrich Knoben	ISP	
Tatyana Khramtsova	Registrar	
Cheryl Langdon-Orr	ALAC (Alternate)	
Zbynek Loebl	IPC	
David Maher	RyC	
Jeff Neuman (Chair)	RyC	
Gabriel Pineiro	NCUC	
Mike Rodenbaugh	CBUC	
Kristina Rosette	IPC	
Greg Ruth	ISP	
Antonio Tavares	ISP	
Jean-Christophe Vignes	Registrar	
Jaime Wagner	ISP	y
Liz Williams	CBUC	y
Brian Winterfeldt	IPC	•

To view the attendance sheet, please click here.

¹ NCA until 26 Oct 09, NCSG after

Policy Development Process Work Team Recommendations Author: Marika Konings Marika Konings 19/10/10 14:25

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Stage 1 – Planning and Request for an Issues Report

Stage 2 – GNSO Council Review of the Issues Report and Initiation of the Policy

Development Process

Stage 3 – Working Group

Stage 4 – Voting and Implementation

Stage 5 - Policy Effectiveness and Compliance

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Based on these discussions, e-mail exchanges, surveys and review of the public comments on the Initial Report on the subject matter, the PDP-WT has developed these recommendations that are intended to form the basis for the new GNSO Policy Development Process.

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Overarching Issues

In addition to the five stages discussed in the previous sections of this report, the PDP-WT also identified a number of 'overarching issues' which were deemed to have an impact on the overall policy development process or related to various stages of the new PDP and therefore needed to be considered once an initial outline of the new PDP would have been completed. These overarching issues consist of:

Timing

Translation

Development of definitions

Voting thresholds

Decision-making methodology

Transition / Implementation of the new PDP

Proposed Changes to Annex A – GNSO Policy Development Process of the ICANN By-Laws

Section [TBC] of this draft Final Report contains a number of flow charts that reflect the main elements of the new Annex A, as well as those elements that are envisioned to be incorporated in the rules of procedure.

Following review of the public comments received and further deliberations, the PDP-WT has developed, with the support of ICANN staff, a proposed basis forfor the new Annex A for consideration by the PPSC.

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. The following options are being explored:

Setting a maximum timeframe (e.g. 30-45 days) in the By-Laws which can be modified on the request of ICANN Staff with the agreement of the GNSO Council or the Issues Report requestor (if requested by an Advisory Committee or the ICANN Board); or Request that ICANN staff provide the GNSO Council with an estimate of time it would take for the ICANN Staff to complete an issues report taking into account the complexity of the issue and the ICANN staff workload.

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The PDP-WT is considering the notion of having a fast-track procedure that would allow for a more timely PDP in cases where such urgent action is deemed to be necessary while at the same time ensuring broad participation and avoiding gaming. The PDP-WT hopes to receive further input from the community on which elements such a procedure should contain and how it would work in practice, during the public comment period.

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The PDP-WT has not completed its work on all these overarching issues, but has noted in section 8 its initial thoughts on these issues for public input and consideration. It is the intention of the PDP-WT to finalize its recommendations on these issues following the review and analysis of public comments on this initial report.

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The methodology proposed by the Working Group Work Team for Working Groups in general is as follows:

(From the latest version of the WG WT dated 14 October 2010) GNSO Working Group Guidelines

It should be noted that further changes might be made following submission to the Policy Process Steering Committee.

In addition, the PDP WT might want to review whether further details need to be provided for decision-making in a drafting team responsible for preparing a charter. No specific rules are currently provided, but a recent experience demonstrates that there might be a need to provide further guidance especially in cases where there is disagreement or even deadlock on what should be included in the charter.

See also feedback from WG-WT members to a number of questions in relation to decision-making: https://st.icann.org/icann-ppsc/index.cgi?additional_questions.

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The recommendation of the Staff Manager as to whether the Council should initiate the PDP on the issue.

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or modified as follows:

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or

The unanimous vote of each House of the GNSO Council, for those modifications and amendments considered to be non-controversial or involving insignificant wording changes to the approved policy. Prior to any such vote, the GNSO Council should consider opening a public comment forum on the proposed revisions to the adopted policy.]

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